

# THE BOURBON NEWS.

CHAMP & MILLER, Editors and Owners.

PRINTED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

Established FEB. 1, 1881.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

PARIS, BOURBON CO., KY., TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1898.

NO. 57.

## ARE YOU READY?

June with its warm days turns our thoughts to cool, light furniture: You are interested of course, and we invite you to come and see what we are offering.

White Enamel Bed Room Furniture—Dresser and washstand bevel mirror, nicely finished. Former price \$18. THIS WEEK \$14.75

Twenty-four 3 piece Chamber Suits received Saturday, will be on sale this week. Prices \$12.50, \$16.50, \$18, \$20, \$25.

Parlor tables with twisted legs and highly polished at \$4.25. Odd Parlor Chairs left over from suits SPECIAL SALE this week. On parlor floor. See them.

CARPETS—Our stock has just received many additions. We duplicate any one's prices and are usually lower.

HAMMOCKS, REFRIGERATORS, BABY CARRIAGES.

## C. F. BROWER & CO.

Carpets, Furniture Wall Paper.  
LEXINGTON, KY.

## Bluegrass Seed Strippers.

### Ten New Stivers'

## BLUEGRASS SEED MACHINES FOR SALE.

Built by J. H. Stivers  
Full line of repairs on hand.  
**O. EDWARDS.**

Also, the best line of

Tongue and Tongueless Cultivators

in town:

Malta Banner. New Western,  
Acme Spring Trip.

Call and examine goods and get prices.

**O. EDWARDS.**

## Why H. S. Stout Succeeds.

Here are a few reasons why H. S. Stout has succeeded in building up the largest tailoring business in Paris:

FIRST—He recognized the fact that five years ago that the only day of big profits and small sales was past.

SECOND—He cuts the price of tailor-made garments at least 40 PER CENT.

THIRD—He kept up the quality of his materials, his styles and his workmanship.

FOURTH—He always does as he advertised.

### AS A RESULT.

As a result of this system he has built up a large trade that appreciates the fact that they save twenty dollars on a single Suit or Overcoat. "Many customers at a small profit rather than a few customers at a big profit," says H. S. Stout.

If you want credit, your high-price tailor gladly extends it, for he makes you pay dearly for it in the end.

Why not turn over a new leaf—wear the best, save money, by giving H. S. Stout a trial?

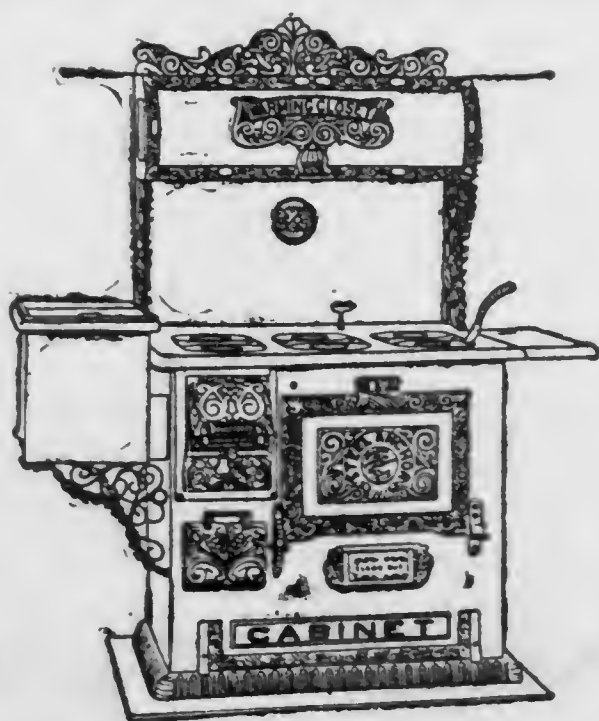
He makes the Finest Imported Suits for

**\$30.00 AND \$35.00.**

## PARIS FURNISHING & TAILORING CO.

H. S. STOUT, Manager.

JOE MUNSON, Cutter



## THE STEEL ANCHOR RANGE

Has ball-bearing grate, can't stick, shakes easily under all conditions. Also draw-out grate, removable and renewable without having to disconnect water box. A heavy, durable construction, best materials, skilled workmanship, modern and up-to-date in all its appointments. A handsome piece of kitchen furniture, nothing better can be produced. Thirty-three years' experience. For sale by all prominent dealers.

TERSTEGGE, GOHMANN & CO.  
Louisville, Ky.

### GOSSIPY PARAGRAPHS.

Theatrical And Otherwise—Remarks In The Forum.

Saturday is the fashionable day for weddings in the East this Summer.

The widow of Thos. Keene says that his estate only amounted to \$1,600. Keene was supposed to be very wealthy.

It is understood that the enormous sale of Qub Vadis has yielded the translator, Mr. Jeremiah Curtin, the handsome sum of \$25,000.

Burr McIntosh, the actor, is a war correspondent in Cuba. He has been ill of supposed yellow fever. Stephen Crane, the novelist, is ill of malaria.

The engagement of Rev. C. T. Atwood and Miss Annie Bigelow was announced last week at Whiting, Iowa, and the announcement brought out the fact that the minister was engaged to sixteen other young ladies in the same town. He said that he loved them all.

### MILLERSBURG.

News Notes Gathered In And About The "Burg."

Mrs. Olin Pope was dangerously ill yesterday afternoon.

### CARLISLE.

News Culled From Nicholas County Precincts.

From the Mercury.

DIED.—Near Zion Church on the 12th inst., infant child of Thos. Shannon.

DIED.—Near Myers, on the 13th inst., infant child of Wm. Tucker.

DIED.—Near Myers, on the 13th inst., infant child of Thos. Spratt.

Elder A. W. Kokendoffer will begin a protracted meeting at East Union tonight.

The residence of J. J. Lambert at Moorefield was destroyed by fire last Wednesday afternoon caused by a defective flue. The household goods were saved, but in a damaged condition. Insurance \$1,500 in the Hurst Home.

Always ask for Paris Milling Co.'s Purity flour. All grocers keep it. Insist on having Purity every time.

To Cure A Cold In One Day.

TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. For sale by W. T. Brooks and James Kennedy, Paris, Ky.

### A Good Memory

often saves money and also good health. If you are troubled with constipation, indigestion or any form of stomach trouble remember to take home a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and health will be restored to you. Trial sizes 10c (10 doses 10c) large size 50c and \$1.00. W. T. Brooks, druggist, Paris, Ky.

VAN HOOK WHISKEY, 50 cents per quart.  
McDERMOTT & SPEARS.

MRS. LAURA WEISHAUF.

Of Murry, Ind., Recommends Wright's Celery Capsules.

Murry, Ind., Sept 17, 1896.  
THE WRIGHT MEDICAL CO.,  
Columbus, Ohio.

DEAR SIRS:—Last spring I purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from L. C. Davenport, druggist, Bluffton, Ind., and used them for stomach trouble with which I had been afflicted for more than 15 years. Since taking your Capsules I have lost all trace of pain and my stomach is entirely well. I can eat anything and can truthfully say that I have not felt better in years.

Yours Respectfully,  
MRS. LAURA WEISHAUF.  
Sold by W. T. Brooks at 50c. and \$1.00 per box. Send address on postal to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, Ohio, for trial size, free.

My agency insures against fire, wind and storm—best old reliable, prompt paying companies—non-union.  
W. O. HINTON, Agent.

Use Paris Milling Co.'s Purity flour—for sale by all grocers. Ask for it. Take no other.

Our line of men's tan shoes embraces the newest novelties for Springs, from the best manufacturers.  
DAVIS, THOMPSON & ISGRIG.

HAGGARD & REED's new laundry is doing first-class work. Give us a call.  
(tf) HAGGARD & REED.

## L. Q. NELSON, DENTIST.

Pleasant St., opp. First Presbyterian Church.  
(Dr. Buck's old office.)  
Office on first floor.

Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

### Your Life Insured—1c. a Day!

OUR insurance is protected by bankable paper on the Capital City Bank of Columbus, O. There can be no stronger guarantee given you. We dare not use a bank's name without authority, if you doubt it, write them. Good health is the best life insurance. Wright's Celery Capsules gives you good health, they cure Liver, Kidney and Stomach trouble, Rheumatism, Constipation and Sick Headaches. 100 days' treatment costs 1c a day. A sight draft on above bank, in every \$1 box, which brings your money back if we fail to cure you. Sold by W. T. Brooks, druggist.

DILL pickle.

McDERMOTT & SPEARS. (tf)

Deering binder twine, machine oil and all repairs for the Deering machinery at

R. B. HUTCHCRAFT'S.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headaches. 25c at druggists.

A beautiful line of white and silk puff shirts, for hot weather at Price & Co's.

Insure in my agency—non-union. Prompt-paying reliable companies—insures against fire, wind and storm

W. O. HINTON, Agent.

### MASTER'S SALE

— OF —

## City Property.

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

Harmon Stitt, Trustee, etc., Plaintiff,  
vs.  
Edward Shimmers, Jr., etc., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of sale made and entered in the above styled cause at the June term, 1898, of the Bourbon Circuit Court, I will sell publicly at the Court house door, in Paris, Kentucky, on

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1898.

at about the hour of 11:30 o'clock a. m., the following real estate to-wit:

Lot No. 1.

The brick building and lot on the northwest corner of Main and Eighth streets, in the city of Paris, Ky., fronting 25 feet on Main street and 100 feet on Eighth street, and is now occupied by Coyle.

Lot No. 2.

The lot of ground fronting about 25 feet on Main street in the city of Paris, Ky., adjoining Jas. Fee on the north and extending back about 114 feet to lot No. 4, and having thereon a two story brick building, the first story now occupied as a saloon by Melaney and Deignan.

Lot No. 3.

The lot of ground fronting about 25 feet on Main Street, in the city of Paris, Ky., adjoining lot No. 2 extending back about 114 feet to lot No. 4, and having thereon a two story brick building, the first story now occupied by Kenney & Ashurst as a meat shop.

Lot No. 4.

The property on High Street, in the city of Paris, Ky., adjoining Fee & Son on the north, and Arnold Blacksmith Shop on the south, having thereon the livery stable and appurtenances now occupied by Boardman, fronting about 75 feet on High Street and extending back towards Main Street a lot of the distance from High to Main Street to lots 2, 3 and 5, which lots 2, 3 and 5 are indicated in the petition in this action and judgment by dimensions, to which reference is made.

Lot No. 5.

The lot of ground fronting about 25 feet on Main Street in the city of Paris, Ky., and extending back about 107 feet to lot No. 4 and having thereon a two story brick building, the first story now occupied by Lavin & Connell as a grocery.

Lots Nos. 2 and 3 the Master will first offer separately and then as a whole.

Said sale will be made on credit of six, twelve and eighteen months for equal parts of the purchase money, for which the purchaser will be required to execute bonds, with good surety to be approved by the undersigned Master Commissioner, and payable to said Commissioner and bearing interest from day of sale until paid at the rate of six per cent. per annum, but the purchaser will be allowed to pay the purchase money at any time after the confirmation of the sale if so desired. By express order of the court, the purchaser upon complying with the terms of the sale will be allowed to take possession of such property as is not under lease at the time of the sale, the purchaser agreeing that in the event the sale is not confirmed he will surrender the possession of the property as soon as the court directs and in the meantime he will pay a reasonable rent for the use of same.

EMMETT M. DICKSON,  
Master Commissioner Bourbon Circuit Court.

J. Q. WALD & HARMON STITT,  
Attorneys.

We are the people's friends. We repair your linen and put neck bands on free.  
HAGGARD & REED.

## Oh, the Pain of Rheumatism!

Rheumatism often causes the most intense suffering. Many have for years vainly sought relief from this disabling disease, and are to-day worse off than ever. Rheumatism is a blood disease, and Swift's Specific is the only cure, because it is the only remedy which can reach such deep-seated diseases.

A few years ago I was taken with inflammatory Rheumatism, which became so intense that I was for weeks unable to walk. I tried

several prominent physicians and took their treatment faithfully, but was unable to get the slightest relief. In fact, my condition seemed to grow worse, the disease spread over my entire body, and from November to March I suffered agony. I tried many patent medicines, but none relieved me. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S. S. S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free of potash or mercury. I felt so much better after taking two bottles, that I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

ELEANOR M. TIPPETT,  
3711 Powelton Avenue, Philadelphia.

Don't suffer longer with Rheumatism. Throw aside your oils and liniments, as they can not reach your trouble. Don't experiment with doctors—their potash and mercury will add to your disability and completely destroy your digestion.

### S.S.S. For The Blood

will cure perfectly and permanently. It is guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains no potash, mercury, or other mineral. Books mailed free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.



### VAPOR BATH CABINET

— FOR —  
Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Obesity via Flushing via Eucasia-tion via Leanness; Skin and Blood Diseases, Kidney Diseases, Nervous Diseases; Asthma, Catarrh, etc.

— FOR SALE BY —  
CHAS. N. FITZGERALD,  
At A. Shire's jewelry store, Paris, Ky.

## STYLISH VEHICLES.

I have just received a well selected line of stylish new

## Buggies, Surreys, Barouches, Phaetons and Road Wagons.

I can supply any need in the vehicle line on short notice and with up-to-date jobs, first-class in every respect.

My repair department is first-class, as I employ good workmen. In soliciting your patronage I promise good work and satisfaction.

## J. H. HAGGARD,

PARIS, KY.



### Kidney Diseases

CURED THAT HAD BEEN pronounced incurable

Mr. C. A. Sullivan, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I, myself, am able to testify to its merits. My face to-day is a living picture of health, and your Kidney Cure has made it such. I had suffered twenty-seven years with the disease, and to-day I feel ten years younger than I did one year ago. I can obtain some wonderful certificates of its medical qualities."

Sold by James Kennedy, Druggist.

### MASTER'S SALE

— OF —

## City Property.

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

John Durgin, etc., Plaintiffs,  
vs.

Nannie White, Defendant.

By virtue of a judgment of sale made and entered in the above styled cause at the June term, 1898, of the Bourbon Circuit Court, I will sell publicly at the Court house door, in Paris, Kentucky, on

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1898,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

A certain house and lot of land situated in the City of Paris, Bourbon county, Kentucky, on the West side of High Street and fronts thirty-three (33) feet four (4) inches on said High Street and runs back the same width as in front towards Sycamore Street, one hundred and forty-seven and one-half (147½) feet to the lot devised to Nannie White, and sold by said Nannie White to Delilah J. Hutchings.

Said sale will be made upon a credit of six months for the purchase money, for which the purchaser will be required to execute bond payable to the undersigned Master Commissioner, to be approved by him and bearing six per cent interest from the day of sale until paid. Said sale is made for the purpose of division.

EMMETT M. LICKSON,  
Master Commissioner Bourbon Circuit Court.

C. ARNSPARGER, Attorney.

## MUSIC CLASS

MRS. ALBERT MITCHELL

— AND —

MISS NELLY BUCKNER

wish to announce that they will open a Music Class for Piano, on Monday, September 5th.

TERMS:

Term of 20 lessons (private).....\$12.50  
Term of 20 lessons (class).....6.25  
Payable in advance.

Studio within a square of City School. For information address (either of above) at Paris, Ky.  
(till-1sep)

## DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN

CURES CONSTIPATION.



# SANTIAGO IS OURS!

## Old Glory Floats From the Palace of the Governor.

## The City and Eastern Portion of the Province Surrendered.

## Spanish Troops Stack Their Arms Between the Opposing Lines.

The American Flag Unfurled Over Morro Castle and the Other Fortifications—The Harbor Being Cleared of Obstructions—Number of Prisoners Surrendered About 25,000—They Will Be Transported to Spain.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The following messages were sent Saturday by President McKinley and Secretary R. A. Alger:

"To Gen. Shafter, commanding front near Santiago, Playa:

"The president of the United States sends to you and your brave army the profound thanks of the American people for the brilliant achievements at Santiago, resulting in the surrender of the city and all of the Spanish troops and territory under Gen. Toral. Your splendid command has endured not only the hardships and sacrifices incident to campaign and battle, but in stress of heat and weather has triumphed over obstacles which would have overcome men less brave and determined. One and all have displayed the most conspicuous gallantry and earned the gratitude of the nation. The hearts of the people turn with tender sympathy to the sick and wounded. May the Father of Mercies protect and comfort.

(Signed) WILLIAM McKINLEY.  
To Maj. Gen. Shafter, Front, near Santiago, Playa:

I can not express in words my gratitude to you and your heroic men. Your work has been well done. God bless you all. (Signed)

R. A. ALGER,  
Secretary of war.

NEW YORK, July 18.—A special dispatch from Santiago published here Saturday afternoon, gives the following as the terms of surrender of the Spanish forces under Gen. Toral:

The 20,000 refugees at Caney and Siboney are to be turned back into the city. An American infantry patrol is to be posted in the roads surrounding the city. Our hospital corps is to give attention to any possible sick and wounded among the Spanish soldiers in Santiago. All the Spanish troops in the province, except Gen. Luques 10,000 at Holguin, are to come to the city to surrender. The guns and defenses of the city are to be turned over to the Americans in good condition. The Americans are to have full use of the Juragua railway which belongs to the Spanish government. All Spaniards are to be conveyed home by American transports with the least possible delay, and they are permitted to take portable church property with them.

The Spanish are to surrender their arms.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The war department has posted the following:

PLAYA DEL ESTE, near Santiago, July 18.—The following letter has just been received:

"Santiago de Cuba, July 16.—To His Excellency, Commander-in-Chief American Forces—Excellent Sir:—I am now authorized by my government to capitulate. I have the honor to so apprise you and requesting that you designate hour and place where my representatives shall appear to compare with those of your excellency to effect the articles of capitulation on the basis of what has been agreed upon to this date in due time. I wish to manifest my desire to know the resolutions of the United States government respecting the return of the army, so as to note on the capitulations. Also the great courtesy of your great graces and return for the great generosity and impulse for the Spanish soldiers and allow them to return to the Peninsula with the honors the American army do them the honor to acknowledge as dutifully desecrated.

[Signed] JOSE TORAL, General, Commanding 4th Army Corps.

"To Gen. Shafter, Commanding American forces."

IN FRONT OF SANTIAGO, July 18, via Guantanamo Bay.—Old Glory is now floating over the fortifications of Santiago.

At 9 o'clock Sunday morning the Spanish troops under command of Gen. Toral left their trenches and marched into the American lines, where one by one the regiments laid down their arms. At the same time the Spanish flag was hauled down and the stars and stripes hoisted in its place.

The work of loading the Spanish prisoners on transports preparatory to sending them back to Spain will be commenced as soon as ships are provided.

The authorities at Washington have been urged to use haste in this matter. It has been suggested to use Spanish transports for the work, fear being expressed that the use of American vessels would result in rendering them dangerous for use in moving American troops on account of the exposure of the Spaniards to yellow fever.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Gen. Greely, chief signal officer, at 11:02 a. m. received the first word of the formal surrender of Santiago to the American forces. His advice came from the signal officer at Santiago and said that the Spanish troops left the trenches and marched out Sunday morning, laying down their arms. The Spanish flag was hauled down.

The war department posted the following bulletin at 5:15 p. m. Sunday:

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 18.—Adjutant General United States Army:—

I have the honor to announce that the American flag has been this instant, 12 o'clock noon, hoisted over the house of the civil government in the city of Santiago. An immense concourse of people present. A squad of cavalry and a regiment of infantry presenting arms and band playing national airs. Light battery fired salute 21 guns. Perfect order is being maintained by municipal government. Distress is very great, but little sickness in town. Scarcely any yellow fever.

A small gunboat and about 200 seamen left by Cervera have surrendered to me. Obstructions are being removed from mouth of harbor. Upon coming into the city I discovered a perfect entanglement of defenses. Fighting as the Spaniards did the first day it would have cost five thousand lives to have taken it. Battalions of Spanish troops have been depositing arms since daylight in armory, over which I have guard. Gen. Toral formally surrendered the plaza and all stores at 9 a. m. (Signed)

W. R. SHAFTER, Major General.  
SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 18.—Amid impressive ceremonies the Spanish troops laid down their arms between the lines of the Spanish and American forces at 9 o'clock Sunday morning.

Gen. Shafter and the American division and brigade commanders and their staffs were escorted by a troop of cavalry and Gen. Toral and his staff by 100 picked men.

Trumpeters on both sides saluted with flourishes.

Gen. Shafter returned to Gen. Toral the latter's sword after it had been handed to the American commander.

Our troops, lined up at the trenches, were eye witnesses of the ceremony.

Gen. Shafter and his escort, accompanied by Gen. Toral, rode through the city, taking formal possession.

The city had been sacked before they arrived by the Spaniards.

Across the plaza was drawn up the 9th infantry, headed by the 6th cavalry band. In the street facing the palace stood a picked troop of the 2d cavalry, with drawn sabers, under command of Capt. Brett. Massed on the stone flagging between the band and the line of horsemen were the brigade commanders of Gen. Shafter's division with their staffs.

On the red-tiled roof of the palace stood Capt. McKittrick, Lieut. Miley and Lieut. Wheeler, immediately above them, upon the flagstaff, the illuminated Spanish arms and the legend, "Vive Alfonso XIII." All about, pressing against the veranda rails, crowding to windows and doors and lining the roofs, were the people of the town, principally women and non-combatants. As the chimes of the old cathedral rang out the hour of 12 the infantry and cavalry presented arms. Every American uncovered, and Capt. McKittrick hoisted the stars and stripes. As the brilliant folds unfurled in a gentle breeze against a fleecy sky, the cavalry band broke into the strains of "The Star Spangled Banner," making the American pulse leap and the American heart thrill with joy.

At the same instant the sound of the distant booming of Capt. Capron's battery, firing a salute of 21 guns, drifted in. When the music ceased from all directions around our line came floating across the plaza the strains of the regimental bands and the muffled, hoarse cheers of our troops. The infantry came to "order arms" a moment later, after the flag was up, and the band played "Rally Round the Flag, Boys." Instantly Gen. McKibbin called for three cheers for Gen. Shafter, which were given with great enthusiasm, the band playing Sousa's "The Stars and Stripes Forever." The ceremony over, Gen. Shafter and his staff returned to the American lines, leaving the city in the possession of the municipal authorities, subject to the control of Gen. McKibbin.

Gen. Toral, the white-haired commander of the Spanish forces, is utterly heart-broken. He spoke bitterly of the fate which compelled him to sue

for peace, but had no word to say against the gallant men who had conquered his army. He declared that he had little chance to win. "I would not desire to see my worst enemy play with the cards I held," he said to one of the commissioners. "Every one of my generals was killed or wounded. I had not a single colonel left and was surrounded by a powerful enemy. We have counted 67 ships off this port.

"And, besides," he concluded, wearily waving his hands towards the city, "I have secret troubles there."

Speaking of the battle of June 24, in which the "rough riders" and a part of Gen. Young's command participated, Gen. Toral said that less than 2,000 Spanish troops were engaged, his loss being 265. He would not say how many Spaniards were killed at El Caney and before Santiago. "Heavy! heavy!" he said, dejectedly.

In response to an inquiry, he said that transportation would be required for between 22,000 and 25,000 men, there being that much of a force in the capitulated district. He informed the officers that Santiago harbor had been again mined since Adm. Cervera left.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—At 11:05 o'clock Sunday night Adj. Gen. Corbin made public the following dispatch from Gen. Shafter:

HEADQUARTERS U. S. ARMY,  
SANTIAGO, July 17.

To Adjutant General, U. S. A. Washington:

My ordnance officers report about 7,000 rifles turned in Sunday and 600,000 cartridges. At the mouth of the harbor there are quite a number of fine modern guns about six inch; also two batteries of mountain guns, together with a saluting battery of 15 old bronze guns. Disarming and turning in will go on Monday. List of prisoners not yet taken.

SHAFTER,  
Major General Commanding.

### THE PEACE TERMS.

Spain Herself, and Not a Third Power, Must Open Up the Negotiations—War Preparations Will Continue.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The president is determined not to wait for Spain to begin to sue for peace, but will go ahead with his preparations for the expeditions to Porto Rico and Spain. If Spain is sincere in asking for peace, there will be nothing lost by these preparations. The president is anxiously awaiting the report of the commissioners arranging the surrender and what methods are proposed for the sending home of the Spanish troops before he decides how it shall be done. While there was a general talk of peace here Friday and a feeling that the action of Spain in agreeing to the surrender of Santiago indicates her appreciation of the hopelessness of continuing the struggle, this optimistic view is not shared by the president and several members of his cabinet. They have had too much experience with the Spanish character in the past year to feel warranted in expressing belief that the termination of the war is in sight.

The position of the administration in regard to peace is clear enough and the situation at present is divided as follows:

First—No direct representations in the direction of peace have been received by this government.

Second—No proposition will emanate from the United States, it having been determined that the initiative shall be taken by Spain.

Third—No proposals or suggestions will be received except from Spain direct, the intervention of a third power not being acceptable.

Fourth—The United States will take possession of Porto Rico, whether that island has been actually seized by American forces or not at the time peace is proposed. The retention of the Spanish colonies already captured is another condition.

Every effort will now be made to improve the sanitary condition of our troops at Santiago, and as many as possible will be ordered back to the United States, and but a few of them will be sent to Porto Rico. There is now only one contingency that can prevent the forcible invasion of Porto Rico, and that is an armistice, with a view to peace negotiations. In the event that Spain should sue for peace, now that Santiago has fallen, the United States would insist upon occupying the island, but it would be in a peaceful manner.

MADRID, July 16.—The pacific tendency is increasing. The general public take a favorable view of the suggestion that the powers should attempt the re-establishment of peace, but it is said, contrary to the reports current, France has not taken the initiative.

MADRID, July 16.—The minister for war, Gen. Correa, is quoted as saying in an interview, that he thought peace might be arranged on the following terms:

The United States and Spain to agree to let the Cubans decide by a plebiscite whether they desire independence or autonomy under the suzerainty of Spain.

The two governments to agree to abide by the result of the plebiscite.

In the event of the Cubans voting for independence, the United States to allow Spain nine months in which to withdraw her army, gradually and dignifiedly from Cuba.

LONDON, July 16.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says:

"The government has definitely decided to open peace negotiations without delay, proposing as a basis, the renunciation of all rights over Cuba and the immediate discussion of any other 'reasonable proposals' the United States may make."

The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says:

The Carlist agitation is assuming proportions in many of the northern provinces which may serve as a fresh argument for action on the part of the government. The civil and military authorities acting under instructions of the ministers of the interior and of war, are closely watching the movements of Carlist emissaries, who are frequently flitting about the old haunts of Carlistism, coming to Madrid, going to Brussels, Bayonne and Pau to report the results of their propaganda and preparations.

### Shooting Spanish Spies.

ST. LOUIS, July 16.—John Sheehan, of 16th U. S. infantry, now at Santiago, writes in a letter to his parents in this city dated June 28: "We have caught about 18 spies and shot them. The other day six Spanish deserters came over to us and surrendered. They are held as prisoners. Just got word that the 9th cavalry has caught 19 Spanish signal corps men with an outline of our camp on paper."

### The Transportation of Prisoners.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—There were frequent consultations among the war department officials Friday in regard to the transportation to Spain of the 25,000 prisoners surrendered to Gen. Shafter in Santiago province. Col. Hecker, in charge of the question of transportation, said late Friday that no final decision had been reached. The general opinion, however, is that advertisements will be published here and abroad inviting proposals for the transportation of the men to Spanish soil.

### SANTIAGO'S FALL.

The Exact Terms of the Surrender as Agreed Upon by Commissioners on the Day of Capitulation.

BEFORE SANTIAGO, July 16.—Following are the terms of surrender as agreed upon at the conference Thursday:

Spain abandons the city of Santiago and all of the Province of Santiago east of Acerraderos on the south and Sagua on the north.

All Spanish troops are to be taken to Spain by the United States government. These troops number 20,000 men, half of whom are in the city of Santiago.

The United States takes all of the enemy's forts and guns, the Spanish officers being allowed to keep their side arms.

American troops will not enter the city until after the Spaniards have embarked.

Guards from the American force will be stationed around the city.

Members of the Red Cross will enter the city at once and the refugees will return to their homes Saturday morning.

While the Spanish troops are preparing to embark American and Cuban sentinels are to keep out stragglers and marauders and the Spanish are to police the city.

### UNDER WAY.

The Fourth Manila Expedition Under Command of Maj. Gen. Otis Sails From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The fourth Manila expedition is under way. Shortly after 3 o'clock Friday afternoon Maj. Gen. Otis, from his flagship, the City of Puebla, signaled the transport Peru to get under way. The signals were understood by the watchers on shore and by those who had surrounded the two vessels in small boats and were received with great cheering. As the two vessels got under way the cheering increased in volume and to the accompaniment of hundreds of steam whistles and the firing of bombs and cannon, the two vessels proceeded slowly down the bay past the water front and out to sea.

The soldiers on the transports crowded into the rigging and answered the cheering of the civilians with hearty good will and responded to the dipping flags of the merchant vessels by waving their hats and handkerchiefs. As the two vessels and the small fleet accompanying it passed the forts the big guns from the batteries sent forth their thunder in salute, to which the transports responded with their steam sirens.

### Not Afraid of Germany.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—"Having whipped Spain, we are ready to whip Germany if she desires a fight. After the arrival of the Monterey, Dewey will enforce his orders in Manila bay by cannon, if necessary." This is the decision the administration has reached concerning the situation in the Philippines, according to high official authority. The administration has grown tired of the many annoyances and insults to which Adm. Dewey has been subjected. It hopes by the end of the week that the admiral will be in a position to take the aggressive.

### Tennessee Boys Experts at Drill.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The Tennessee volunteer regiment gave an exhibition drill at Mechanics' pavilion Thursday night, which was witnessed by over 5,000 people. Military experts unite in praising the splendid showing and efficient work of the men from the south, under Col. Smith, all of their evolutions being performed with the precision of regulars.

### Yellow Fever Cases at Siboney.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Surgeon General Sternberg has received the following in regard to yellow fever, dated Siboney, Friday:

"Only 23 cases; three deaths reported in last 24 hours. General type of disease mild. Camp site moved whenever practicable. Have taken vigorous sanitary precautions to check spread of disease. GREENLEAF."

### Gen. Toral Free to Act.

MADRID, July 16.—Premier Sagasta declares that neither government in Cuba has intervened in the negotiations for the surrender of Santiago de Cuba. He adds that the surrender came within the province of Gen. Toral and under his responsibility and the general simply announced that the garrison had capitulated.

### Walking Match.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 16.—Dan Gilman, who claims to be the champion speed and endurance pedestrian of the south, and Harry J. Stephens, who claims the same title for the west, will meet in a 24-hour heel-and-toe walk on July 16 and 17. It will close at 4 a. m. July 18. A purse of \$150 has been hung up for the contest, which will be held at Lion garden, in this city.

### The Pope in Good Health.

ROME, July 16.—In consequence of the persistent and sinister rumors in circulation Dr. Laponi, the physician of the pope, has issued an emphatic denial of the report that the pontiff is suffering from a paralytic attack. On the contrary, the doctor asserts, his holiness is in good health.

### Fear an Attack.

MARSEILLES, July 16.—A number of Barcelona, steamers have taken refuge here fearing an American attack on Barcelona.

### STRAINING A FRIENDSHIP.

A Story Which Snapped the Bonds That United Two Sweet Young Things.

They were standing at the counter, and I couldn't help but hear.

"Talk about hard luck," said the girl with the hot chocolate. "I know a woman who had an awful thing happen to her over in New York."

"Oh, do tell me about it," gurgled the girl with the ice cream soda.

"Well," went on the chocolate girl, "she's not wealthy at all, you know, and she doesn't keep a nurse. So, one day, when she had to go down town shopping, she took her baby, and left it at one of those day nurseries creche places. They gave me a check for it, and she went off shopping. She didn't come back to the creche till late in the afternoon, and when she went to take out the check it was gone."

"Good gracious!" said the girl with the ice cream soda, looking shocked. "What did she do?"

"Well," went on the chocolate girl, "they told her she couldn't take the baby without a check, and she'd have to wait till the other babies were taken away, and then she could have what was left. So she waited for hours and hours, till all the babies were gone but one, and when she went to get that—well, the only baby left was a colored baby."

"Oh, how perfectly awful!" exclaimed the girl with the ice cream soda, in accents of horror. "What did she do? Wasn't she perfectly frantic?"

"My goodness, how horrible! Didn't she ever get her baby back again? I should think she'd have been perfectly crazy. What did she do?"

"Oh, said the chocolate girl, coolly, "she took the colored baby. It was hers. She was colored, you know."

And in the silence which followed I could hear the snapping of the bonds of a tender and lifelong friendship.—Washington Post.

### The Climate of Cuba.

Because of frequent rains in Cuba, malarial fevers are a common ailment there, just as they are in many sections of the United States. Ailments of this kind, no matter in what part of the globe they occur, are quickly cured with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Besides being a specific for malarial troubles, these Bitters also make pure blood, strengthen nerves and muscles, and firm, healthy flesh. They have no equal for dyspepsia and constipation.

### No Cause for Alarm.

Softleigh—Death wears a shining mark, it is said.  
Miss Cutting—Oh, well, don't be uneasy; you're not so brilliant.—Chicago Evening News.

### An Open Letter to Mothers.

We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "Castoria," and "Pitcher's Castoria," as our Trade-Mark. I, Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "Pitcher's Castoria," the same that has borne and does now bear the face-like signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper. This is the original "Pitcher's Castoria" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought, and has the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is president.

SAMUEL PITCHER, M. D.  
March 8, 1897.

### Safe.

Mrs. O'Flannigan—Ain't yez afraid yer bye Dinny will get kilt in the war?

Mrs. O'Flaherty—Not a bit of it. Sure, he's on wan of thim protected cruisers.—N. Y. Journal.

### Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

### Futures.

"Some young men," remarked the observer of men and things, "have such dazzling futures that they can't see where they are stepping."—Detroit Journal.

### To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

When a pretty girl has good, hard sense it indicates that she has an uncommonly sensible mother.—Atchison Globe.

After six years' suffering, I was cured by Piso's Cure.—Mary Thomson, 394 Ohio Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March 19, '94.

Nothing pleases us more than to get two inveterate horses to hove each other.—Washington (Pa.) Democrat.

### Hall's Catarrh Cure

is taken internally. Price 75c.

"Money talks." If there is any change coming to you, that's back talk.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

You Will Stand the Heat

Much more easily and comfortably by putting and keeping your body in trim condition by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It makes good blood, promotes proper circulation and keeps every organic operation free from friction.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills are gentle, mild, effective. All druggists, etc.

Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASCARET, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, since taking Cascarets, I feel fine. My wife has also used them with beneficial results for sour stomach."

JOS. KUEHLING, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

CANDY CATHARTIC

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c, 25c, 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, etc.

NO-TO-BAG SOLD and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.



## ON TO PORTO RICO.

There Will Be Plenty of Transports Available for the Expedition.

But Little Resistance Is Expected—It Is Thought That the Surrender of Santiago Will Have a Depressing Effect at San Juan.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The government is now turning its attention to the occupation of Porto Rico. There will be plenty of transports available for the expedition, as the government has devised other means of removing the Spaniards captured at Santiago to Spain than by carrying them on these transports. That the navy is ready to do its share at short notice goes without saying. Porto Rico is not expected to offer a very formidable resistance. It is believed that the moral effect of Thursday's surrender at Santiago will be to discourage the defenders of San Juan. There is, however, always the prospect that peace may ensue before hostilities have progressed against Spain's easternmost West India island. Rumors were afloat Thursday afternoon to the effect that the Spanish government at last had made overtures in that direction, but their basis probably was the current belief that one more reverse to the Spanish arms would be sufficient to compel the Spanish government to sue for peace, and this reverse was furnished by the surrender of Toral's army. The navy department has not been affected by these rumors to the extent of relaxing any of its precautions or abandoning any of its plans, for Secretary Long stated unequivocally Thursday that Commodore Watson's eastern squadron would certainly go to Spain as soon as it could sail.

The territory surrendered to us by Gen. Toral makes about 5,000 square miles. The Spanish soldiers to be sent to Spain is estimated at 10,000 men.

Maj. Hopkins, the military aide to Secretary Alger Thursday afternoon had spread before him a huge map of Cuba showing the surrendered zone turned over to the American troops. The line begins at Asseradores, about 15 miles west of Santiago harbor and then runs due north about 25 miles to Palmo Soriana. Had the line continued due north it would have passed west of Holquin thus taking the Spanish garrison at that point. Evidently Gen. Toral wished to avoid the inclusion of Holquin, so the line turns abruptly to the northeast of Palmo and runs to the coast town of Boca del Sagua on the coast. The extreme length of this surrendered tract is about 110 miles and the extreme width about 50 miles, tapering to a less width, making in all about 5,000 square miles.

The navy department had not heard up to the close of office hours to what extent the American fleet was participating in the Spanish surrender. With Santiago in our hands the way will be clear for Adm. Sampson's fleet to enter the harbor and proceed up to the wharves, as soon as the torpedoes and mines at the harbor entrance are removed. The fortifications of Morro Castle, Socapa, Cayo Smith and others are included in the surrendered zone. The possession of these fine fortresses, particularly Morro castle, will afford valuable garrison points for a large number of men. The terms under which these strongholds are surrendered is not yet known in detail.

Great attention will now be given to the care of our sick and fever stricken soldiers on the island. In the opinion of the army surgeons the sick can be best treated by removal to the high ground back of the southern coast, where the heat is less severe, and where recovery could proceed without the fear of communicating disease to the army. Secretary Alger is anxious to bring the entire army back as soon as it can be done with safety to the men themselves and without jeopardy to the other troops in Florida and to the general public. The active preparations made to deal with the emergency are such that it is felt the question of disease can be coped with successfully, now that the military situation has been simplified in the matter of transports, the department is fully prepared for the next move. The acquisition recently of a number of trans-Atlantic liners capable of carrying several times as many men as the smaller transports, has put it on an excellent footing, and it was announced Thursday that no more ships were being bought for the Atlantic coast. Many of the transports which carried soldiers to Cuba are now being used for other purposes, chief among which is that of bringing the sick and wounded to the United States. The ships available by the department are distributed about as follows: Twenty-five at Santiago, twelve at Tampa, three at Charleston, four at New York, four at Key West and others en route to and from other points.

## The Irene Incident.

LONDON, July 15.—The Daily Mail's Hong Kong correspondent cables that it is now known here that Adm. Dewey requested the correspondents at Manila not to give the full story of the Irene incident for fear of arousing a feeling in America which might lead to complications with Germany.

## Death of Irvine S. Bullock.

LONDON, July 15.—Mr. Irvine Steven Bullock died Thursday at Liverpool. He was a lieutenant on the Alabama during the war of secession.

## COUNCIL OF WAR.

Proposed Invasion of Porto Rico and the Dispatch of Watson's Squadron to Spain Considered.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—A council of war was begun at the white house at 10:15 o'clock Saturday morning. There were present Secretaries Alger and Long and the members of the war board, consisting of Rr. Adm. Sicard, Capt. Crowninshield and Capt. Mahan. It is supposed that the proposed invasion of Porto Rico and the dispatch of Watson's squadron to the coast of Spain were under consideration.



COMMODORE WATSON.

Secretary Alger, after the conference, said that the government was entirely satisfied with the conditions in and around Santiago, and there was no longer doubt of the surrender of Toral and his army was final and complete.

"They have unconditionally accepted our terms," added the secretary, "and the next thing is to provide ships to send the prisoners back to Spain. We will advertise at once for ships to be used as transports. The Spaniards will retain their side arms. That is always customary, and it is the only concession made to Toral."

## DISTINGUISHED PRISONERS.

Adm. Cervera and the Other Officers of His Fleet Attend Divine Worship in St. Mary's Catholic Church.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 18.—Maryland's ancient capital was crowded Sunday with curiosity seekers who came from Baltimore, Washington and elsewhere by rail and by water in the hope of getting a peep at Adm. Cervera and the men who fought and lost in the great naval fight off Santiago. Those who reached here early in the morning were rewarded for their trouble, as nearly all the prisoners, including the admiral, attended divine service at St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, where they offered up thanks for their deliverance from the fate that overtook so many of their less fortunate comrades who fell before the relentless fire of the American guns on July 3.

At the close of the services the officers returned to the naval academy and spent the balance of the day in strolling about the grounds or lounging on the broad piazzas which surround most of the buildings in which the prisoners are quartered. They are rapidly becoming accustomed to their surroundings, and seem cheerful and contented. Ample provision has been made for their comfort, their food is plentiful and of the best quality, and clothes will be provided for such as will accept.

Capt. Eulate, of the Vizeaya, is the only one of the officers who has thus far refused to sign the parole pledge. His reasons for it are that Adm. Cervera was only required to give a verbal promise, and that his (Eulate's) rank entitles him to the same privilege. The authorities here have no doubt that the matter will be amicably arranged and that the scruples of the gallant officer may be overcome.

## BIDS WANTED.

Sealed Proposals for the Transportation of Spanish Prisoners to Spain Invited by the War Department.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Sealed proposals are invited for the transportation of the Spanish prisoners of war who surrendered to the United States forces from Santiago de Cuba to Cadiz, or such other port of Spain as may hereafter be designated. Their number is estimated as 1,000 commissioned officers and 24,000 enlisted men. Cabin accommodations are to be supplied for the officers and third-class or steerage accommodations having suitable galley accommodations, conforming to the United States' requirements as to space and ventilation for the enlisted men. The United States government will deliver the prisoners on board at Santiago. Proposals to state the per capita price for transporting officers and for transporting enlisted men and for their subsistence, and delivering them on shore at the Spanish port.

## No Yellow Fever in the United States.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine hospital service, says there is not a single case of yellow fever in this country so far as he knows, and no preparations are making to receive yellow fever patients. It is his understanding that Secretary Alger soon will order the two companies of soldiers now at Tortugas, off the Florida coast, to some other point, and this place then will revert to the Marine hospital service, in whose custody it was before the war broke out.

## THERE IS A HITCH.

Toral Asks That His Men Be Allowed to Keep Their Arms—McKinley Says Unconditional Surrender.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—After an extended conference with the president Friday night at which three other members of the cabinet were present, Secretary Alger said:

"The situation is just this: These Spaniards at Santiago are prepared to surrender, but they want to carry their arms. We have determined to grant no such concession nor any concession except the generosity of this government to transport them to Spain."

Secretary Alger was asked if it was not the expectation that when it was known that no other terms would be granted the surrender would take place, and replied that such was the case. To any event no other concession would be afforded by this government.

It was nearly 1 o'clock when the conference at the white house adjourned. Besides Secretary Alger there were present Secretaries Bliss and Wilson and Postmaster General Emery Smith. Adjt. Gen. Corbin was present during the last hour of the conference.

Gen. Shafter will be immediately instructed to carry out the determination of the president, with whom the matter has been thoroughly discussed. Secretary Alger did not say how much time would be allowed the enemy to reach a conclusion, but it is known that the administration will make it very short and submit to no further parley with Gen. Toral. The next move is surrender upon the terms which the United States government propose or immediate attack upon the Spanish forces by the army and navy. At 1:15 o'clock Saturday morning, when Adjt. Gen. Corbin left the war department for his home, he was yet without definite information from Gen. Shafter concerning the surrender of Santiago.

In accordance with the decision reached at the conference with the president, he sent instructions to Gen. Shafter that nothing but an unconditional surrender by Gen. Toral would be satisfactory to this government.

In view of Shafter's last dispatch no fear is felt that the negotiations for the surrender of the forces in Santiago city will not be prosecuted to a successful conclusion. Gen. Toral, it is known, at first insisted that his men should be permitted to carry their arms with them to Spain. This concession Gen. Shafter declined to grant. Toral has modified his demand regarding the arms and has presented a petition that the arms taken from his men be returned to Spain with the troops. As indicated in Secretary Alger's statement above given the petition has been denied by this government.

The unusual delay, which has puzzled the war officials, is accounted for by the difficulty which Gen. Toral is having in surrendering that part of the force under his command which is not in the city of Santiago. Gen. Shafter estimates that there from 12,000 to 15,000 men in Santiago and nearly as many more in the province outside the city. It is believed that the delay in the negotiations is made necessary in order to secure the surrender of the outlying garrisons, some of which may question Toral's authority to surrender them without definite instructions to that effect from Madrid.

There was entire willingness on the part of Gen. Toral to turn over the arms to Gen. Shafter at the time of the surrender, but with this was to be the understanding that the arms were to be returned to the Spanish troops when Spanish soil was reached. This was a condition which had not been anticipated. The authorities here did not regard it as serious, or as likely to overcome a final settlement, as it was attributed to the Spanish sensitiveness against the humiliation involved in laying down their arms. At the same time it was a point on which neither side appeared to be ready to yield.

One of the dispatches from the front, after specifying that this difference had arisen, added that it was believed a settlement would be reached before Friday closed. Gen. Shafter himself summed up the situation by saying: "It can not be possible that there will be failure in completing arrangements." No question whatever, has been raised as to the surrender itself. Not only has Gen. Toral agreed to it, but this agreement has been ratified by Gen. Blanco at Havana and by the Spanish authorities at Madrid.

A cabinet official expresses doubt as to the sincerity of Gen. Toral, and suggested that his negotiations for peace were solely for the purpose of delay to enable him to strengthen his position by reinforcements from other points in the Santiago district.

Fear We May Get a Footing in Porto Rico. MADRID, July 16.—One of the chief reasons which has driven the government toward peace is a fear that the Americans may get a footing in Porto Rico, thus establishing a stronger claim to include that island in their demands for territory.

Wounded Soldiers Arrive at Old Point. NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 16.—The hospital ship Oliveette arrived at Old Point from Santiago at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon with wounded board.



## A Matter of Safety.

Mrs. Justwed—Oh, John! you say that if I should die you would drink like a fish, neglect your clothes, chew tobacco, smoke opium, write jokes, never shave and go to the bad in every way?

Mr. Justwed (firmly, but sweetly)—Yes, my dear; you can bet your sweet life I'd fix myself so I'd never be an inducement to a woman again.—Judge.

## Sailed for His Health.

"My name was Capt. Kidd, as I sailed, as I sailed." The famous adventurer sang he, "If I didn't keep on sailing," He added, never pausing, "My name would have been Dennis, don't you see?"—Detroit Journal.

## HE KNEW THAT.



Teacher—An island is a body of land surrounded by water. Take Cuba, for instance. Johnnie—You bet! that's what we're going to do.—Collier's Weekly.

Figures Can't Lie. There are covers to Nature's shortcomings That detection can defy. For the dressmakers know how to fashion The form to enchant the eye; And yet there are still old fogies Who tell us figures can't lie. —Up to Date.

## In the Springtime of Love.

Mrs. Tracy—In looking through my trunk to-day, I found this tender missive from a former lover. Tracy (after reading the epistle)—What sap-head wrote that? Mrs. Tracy—Don't you recognize your writing, dear?—Up to Date.

## There Are All Kinds.

Some men are born to lead upon the field, And some to sway their hearers in debate, While some are born to stay at home and growl Because they're taxed a bit to pay the freight. —Chicago Daily News.

## Bridget.

Waggish Customer—Now, then, Bridget, hurry up. Saucy Waitress—My name is not Bridget. Why do you think it was? Waggish Customer—O, because of your arch ways.—Moonshine.

## Known by Experience.

Jorah—I tell you, if there is anything in a man the navy brings it out. Bilson (sadly)—So I discovered in our first encounter with a heavy sea. —Town Topics.

## Had a Good Reason.

"What was your friend Mrs. Lord's maiden name? She never uses it in writing her signature." "No, it wouldn't do at all. Her maiden name was Goode."—Chicago Tribune.

## IN STRANGE ATTIRE.



"Nurse! Nurse! Bobby's out of bed, and running about in his banana-suits!"—London Punch.

## An Invariable Occurrence.

The irrepressible dude, very early in life, Falls in love with each maiden he sees; In fact he has sooner gets down on his lip, Than he's apt to get down on his knees. —Harlem Life.

## Died Game.

First Kansas Man—I hear that a host thief died rather sudden last night. Second Kansas Man (leader of necktie party)—Yes; he wasn't sick long. "Did he die game?" "Like a rooster—just like a rooster—with his spurs on!"—N. Y. Weekly.

## Total Abstinence.

Dyspeptic—Dr. Smith forbids water at mealtime, and Dr. Jones prohibits it between meals. Whose advice would you take? The Count—Both.—Brooklyn Life.

## Too Horrible.

Burgling Bill—No, no! I won't go in again! She's talkin' in her sleep. The Mouse—Well, dat ain't nothin'. Burgling Bill (hoarsely)—But she's a loidy elocutionist.—N. Y. Journal.

## Going into Dotage.

Miss Ann Teek—I begin to feel younger every day. Little Willie—Yes; mamma says you are getting childish.—Up to Date.

## A Fellow Feeling.

"Do you mean to tell me that you gave that horrid tramp any money?" asked one girl.

"Yes," replied the other. "I hadn't the heart to refuse him. He said he wanted some cold victuals, and I have known what it is to suffer for ice cream soda water myself."—N. Y. Evening Journal.

## Surely.

A physician was called in to prescribe for a new client. He listened to a terrible tale from the invalid, who, by his own account, was suffering from all the ills known to diseased humanity. The list so impressed the doctor that at last he exclaimed: "What splendid health you must have to endure all these maladies!"—Judy.

## Reminded Him.

"What is the matter, Riley?" asked the orderly sergeant. "Nothing," replied the young soldier with the quivering chin, who was struggling with a bakeshop custard pie that some friend had smuggled in to him, "only this is so unlike the p-p-pies m-mother used to make!"—Chicago Tribune.

## His Proportions.

"Going out to take a spin with Freddy Slim, are you?" said his cousin. "That's what he has brought the tandem around for," replied Miss Quickstep. "I have never seen him in knickerbockers before, and I—I'm afraid I'll have to do all the pushing."—Chicago Tribune.

## Scientific Note.

Browne—When were electric lights first made? Towne—When Noah chased all the animals out of the ark. Browne—What do you mean? Towne—Well, didn't he make the ark light?—N. Y. Journal.

## Just the Thing.

"You need a short vacation," said the doctor, "and a rest. With not a bit of toil in any mode." Said the farmer, with a wink: "Then I'd better go, I think. And be working out my taxes on the road."—L. A. W. Bulletin.

## NOT A PLEASURE.



The Major—Well, my little man, so you are going out for pleasure? Bobbie—O, no; we are going to see grandpa.—Moonshine.

## The Modern Stamp Act.

Stamp, brothers, stamp, Stamp with care, Stamp everything you Eat or wear. —Chicago Daily News.

## War Feeling.

"So your wife went without a new gown to buy a silk flag—what touching patriotism!" "Well—partly that and partly because she wanted to outshine her neighbors."—Detroit Free Press.

## Artistic Trade-Marks.

"The slim girl yonder is an art student, isn't she?" "I think so; her hair is touzled and her skirt sags in the back."—Chicago Record.

## Cause for Surprise.

'Twas the first time Rachel had seen a lawnmower in use. "My!" she exclaimed, "who ever heard before of cutting grass with a carpet-sweeper?"—Judge.

## A Solution.

The amateur sportsman had shot at the partridge and had hit the dog. "Confound that ammunition dealer," he said. "I ordered bird-shot and he gave me dog-shot."—Town Topics.

## A New Definition.

"Pa," asked little Reggie, "what does this paper mean by the full before the storm?" "Some poor fellow's honeymoon, I suppose."—Tit-Bits.

## Both Happy.

In holidays there is a reason, They always occur for the best. His wife is away for the season, And so they will both have a rest. —Judge.

## THE ONE EXCEPTION.



She—Anybody would take you for an actor. He—All except the manager of the show.—N. Y. Ledger.

## The Best War News.

The Louisville Courier-Journal is now publishing the fullest, most accurate and most reliable war news of any paper in the South or West. It is devoting all its energies to making a reputation for its war reports, and is certainly succeeding admirably. The Courier-Journal has subordinated all other issues to that of the war. Politics, money, civil service, the tariff—all are out of it now. The war is the one topic discussed by the people, and they want the news of it fresh and accurate. The Courier-Journal realizes this, and it is supplying the demand as no other paper can do.

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The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$3.00.

TO THE FARMERS OF BOURBON COUNTY.

As agent of The Page Woven Wire Fence Co., I am prepared to put up the best wire fence on the market. It is guaranteed to turn all kinds of stock and to give satisfaction.

I have put up fence this season for farmers who have had the Page Fence in use for seven or eight years.

I am also prepared to put up the best Chicken Fence on the market.

If you are needing any fence give me a call.

O. W. MILLER, Agent, Paris, Ky.



Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## THE BOURBON NEWS.

[Eighteenth Year—Established 1881.]

Published every Tuesday and Friday by  
WALTER CHAMP, Editors and Owners.  
BRUCE MILLER, Editor.

Make all Checks, Money Orders, etc., payable to the order of CHAMP & MILLER.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
Displays, one dollar per inch for first insertion; half rates each insertion thereafter. Locals, or reading notices, ten cents per line each insertion. Locals in black type, twenty cents per line each insertion. Fractions of lines count as full lines when running at line-rates.  
Obituary cards, cards of thanks, calls on candidates, resolutions of respect and matter of a like nature, ten cents per line.  
Special rates given for large advertisements and yearly cards.



Late News of the War.

Hobson and Schley exploded the mines in Santiago harbor yesterday. The Spanish flag was hauled down from Morro.

Four hundred wounded soldiers arrived at Ft. Thomas Sunday.  
Tampa want to give Cervera a home for his chivalric treatment of Hobson and his men.

Nearly three columns about the fall of Santiago are printed on page three.

The expedition to Porto Rico is under way. Gen. Miles and three batteries of artillery sailed yesterday on the Yale, and 13,000 troops at Tampa will sail immediately. Gen. Brooke will take the first and second divisions of his corps—including the First and Third Kentucky—from Chickamauga to Porto Rico. They may start in four days.

Watson's squadron may sail for Spain the latter part of the week.

Three hundred cases of yellow fever in mild form are reported in the American Army at Santiago. There have been six deaths.

### Mr. Settle The Nominee.

HON. EVAN E. SETTLE was declared the Democratic nominee for Congress in this district Saturday at Frankfort by Hon. South Trimble, Executive Committee member, acting under orders from the District Committee. Mr. Settle himself was not present at the committee meeting but was represented by his son and his private secretary. Mr. Settle has made an excellent Congressman and fully deserved the re-nomination.

COMMODORE SCHLEY is one of thirteen children, and has two uncles who are each the father of thirteen children.

THE hanging of wife-murderer Clarence Vinegar yesterday at Georgetown gave the Bluegrass papers a good nose item.

**Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, 'DR.**

**PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**  
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

### Reflections of The K. P. A. Trip.

The golden-hearted daisies, the bododendrons, the wild roses, the larkspur and the orchid are blooming in all their glory, the strawberries are ripening, and Nature seems to smile all day long on the rock-walled isle of Mackinac. Speaking of Nature, I have had rare opportunities to note the advance of the seasons this year. In February I saw the fragrant rose and the luscious strawberry in Louisiana and Florida, and on May Day saw them bloom at Lookout Mountain and Chickamauga. In June the Bluegrass roses and strawberries gave me joy, and in July they greeted me at breeze-swept Mackinac. Is it any wonder that such a country is dear to the heart of every American?

All of Detroit is justly proud of Belle Isle Park, which is one of the loveliest spots I ever saw. It is an island, containing 700 acres, which the city purchased years ago for \$160,000. From a swampy tract known first as Snake Island, and later as Hog Island, it was improved by drives, walks, lakes, club houses, etc., until it is a place of wondrous beauty, famed far and wide as "Beautiful Belle Isle," the pride of Detroit.

It was a mean trick in Jim Allen, of the Cynthiana Democrat, to class the writer along with 3,647,021 persons who wrote poems on "Remember The Maine." Neither is the writer guilty of any Manila, Santiago or Havana poems. The world does not know that Mr. Allen was only prevented from carrying out his threat to write a poem on "Remember The Maine," by an injunction being sworn out by the writer, and Billy Hill, of the Reporter.

Who planned the trip to Mackinac?  
Who hour by hour laid down the law?  
Who never ceased to work his jaw?  
—(Cynthiana Democrat.)  
Who made announcements by the score?  
Who always had the deck—and floor?  
Who had a thousand jokes in store?  
—Bob Morningstar.

The Elkton Progress furnishes this brief history of the K. P. A.: "The Kentucky Press Association was organized at Frankfort in January, 1869, by the election of the distinguished George D. Prentice as President. The present President, Mr. H. E. Woolfolk, makes the fourteenth President the association has had in the following order: 1869, George D. Prentice; 1870, W. M. Halde-man; 1870-86, J. Stoddard Johnston; 1886, J. W. Hopper; 1888, E. Polk Johnson; 1890, Urey Woodson; 1891, H. A. Sommers; 1892, C. M. Meacham; 1893, Sam J. Roberts; 1894, I. B. Nall; 1895, John A. Bell; 1896, Ben D. Ringo; 1897, L. W. Gaines; 1898, H. E. Woolfolk. The association has steadily grown through many years and is to day one of the strongest state organizations in the Union."

As the K. P. A. was leaving Mackinac I heard an editor say that the expenses of three persons in his party had not aggregated \$50—but there were others. Two of the boys took a thirty-five minute horseback ride on the island and paid \$6 for the pleasure. Another high-flier had extra meals served in his room, and his bill for two days was \$17. These are mere bagatelles, however, to the Kentucky editor who is out on a pleasure jaunt.

One incident of the K. P. A. trip is indelibly impressed on the memory of seven or eight Kentuckians. They failed to secure a stateroom, but enjoyed the sleep of the just on cots in the cabin. At an unusually early hour a number of lady passengers congregated on the stairway in full view of the editorial sleepers. One by one the modest newspaper men awoke and were horrified by the embarrassing situation. The ladies seemed to have no desire to go out on deck. To lie under cover longer meant to make a toilet before a larger crowd of spectators. Stealthily the editors crawled out in various states of undress and embarrassment and made their toilets in uncomfortably meek and lowly positions—with at least twelve women in full view. The men never before felt so much in evidence—but they couldn't stay in bed all day. The incident is closed. W. C.

MANY a colored gentleman will envy the Spanish soldiers that free excursion over the sea.

WORD comes from Guatemala that Dr. Godfrey Hunter is expected to arrive in Kentucky in August on a leave of absence—just when Kentucky had forgotten all about Godfrey.

DURING a recent battle in Cuba the valise of Richard Harding Davis, correspondent for the New York Journal was lost, and fell into the hands of the colored soldiers of the Tenth Cavalry, who appropriated his striped trousers and fancy shirts. And the blow almost killed Richard.

TRY our special "A" coffee, six pounds for \$1.00.  
McDERMOTT & SPEARS.

SEND your linen to Haggard & Reed's Steam Laundry for a good finish. (tf)

### SCINTILLATIONS.

An Interesting Jumble Of News And Comment.

Jim Corbett and Kid McCoy will fight on Sept. 10th, at Buffalo.

David Smith, a Harrison county farmer, is mysteriously missing.

Forty cases of smallpox have been reported in Jackson, Laurel and Clay counties.

Since New Year's Day E. S. Edwards, of Chicago, has made 197 century runs on his bicycle.

The Lexington Canning Factory will shortly begin to can 80,000 cans of burgoe per day for the U. S. soldiers.

A thief, who was probably arranging to attend a party or camp meeting, stole six razors from a Maysville barber shop.

Two incendiary fires occurred in Mt. Sterling Wednesday night. Warren Stoner's stable was one of the buildings burned.

Seventy colored men from Montgomery county were enlisted in the U. S. V. Infantry by Capt. R. T. Jacobs, last week.

The schedule of the liabilities and assets of the Megibben Distillery assignment was filed at Cynthiana Friday by the company. Total liabilities, \$102,032; total assets, \$104,050.

Cadet J. T. Beckner, a Winchester boy, participated in the big naval battle off Santiago, having charge of a secondary battery on the Iowa. He is a son of Judge Beckner, and has a brother, Lucien, in the Second Kentucky Regiment at Chickamauga.

### STOCK AND TURF NEWS.

Sales and Transfers Of Stock, Crop, Etc. Turf Notes.

Many horses in Scott county have pink eye.

J. L. Bohannon, of Versailles, has bought 10,000 pounds of hemp from S. T. Hampton, at \$4.50.

In Cincinnati last week McIntyre & McClintock, of Millersburg, sold five hhds. of tobacco at \$12.75 to \$10. W. M. Burroughs sold four at \$13.50 to \$10.75. Insko & Co. sold four at \$14 to \$11.

### Seashore Excursions.

The Chesapeake and Ohio railroad will run the following excursions to the Seashore on dates named. The tickets will be good going on regular trains, to which necessary sleeping cars will be attached.

On July 18th and August 11th, to Atlantic City and Cape May via Washington, round trip rate only \$14 from Lexington and corresponding low rates from other Central Kentucky points. Tickets good eleven days returning.

On July 28th a round trip rate of \$13 will be made to Old Point Comfort, Va., tickets good going on regular trains and good returning twelve days. This is the best time to visit Old Point, owing to the interesting military maneuvers.

Send in your name for sleeping car space or for further information desired. Geo. W. Barney, D. R. A., Lexington, Ky.

### L. & N. Special Rates.

To Indianapolis and return Aug 19th to 21st, final limit Aug. 31st. Extension of time to Sept. 10th can be had. Fare, \$4.60 round-trip. Account Grand Encampment Knights of Pythias.

Round-trip \$2.05 to Olympia Springs and return during Summer season. Parties contemplating a summer tour can get valuable information, timetable, hotel guides and Summer resort booklets by calling on or addressing,

Plan Your Summer Outing Now. Go to Picturesque Mackinac via The Coast Line.

It only costs \$13.50 from Detroit, \$15.50 from Toledo, \$17 from Cleveland for the round trip, including meals and berths. One thousand miles of lake ride on new modern steel steamers for the above rates. Send 2c. for illustrated pamphlet. Address

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

The very best companies compose my agency, which insures against fire, wind and storm. Non-union.

W. O. HINTON, Agent.

SEED sweet potatoes. McDERMOTT & SPEARS.

### Yesterday's Temperature.

THE following is the temperature as noted yesterday by A. J. Winters & Co., of this city:

7 a. m.	77
8 a. m.	81
9 a. m.	83
10 a. m.	84
11 a. m.	84
12 m.	87
2 p. m.	88
3 p. m.	85
4 p. m.	87
5 p. m.	87
7 p. m.	82

Important Change on The Frankfort & Cincinnati—Two New Trains.

No. 2 train will leave at 3:30 a. m., and arrive at Frankfort at 11:20 a. m. No. 8 leaves at 4:30 p. m., and arrives at Frankfort at 8:10 p. m.

No. 2 leaving Frankfort at 7 a. m., arrives at 8:40.

No. 5 leaves Frankfort at 1:15 p. m. and arrives at 4 p. m.

No. 8 leaving at 4:30 will connect with the Q. & C. fast limited at Georgetown, arriving in Cincinnati at 7:35 p. m. This is a very desirable arrangement for persons going to Cincinnati or points north, east and west of that city.

No. 1 will connect with the Q. & C. fast train south and No. 5 connects at Georgetown with the Q. & C. local passenger from the south.

### A Shattered Nervous System.

FINALLY HEART TROUBLE.

Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Nerve.



M. R. EDWARD HARDY, the jolly manager of Sheppard Co.'s great store at Braceville, Ill., writes: "I had never been sick a day in my life until in 1890. I got so bad with nervous prostration that I had to give up and commence to doctor. I tried our local physicians and one in Joliet, but none gave me any relief and I thought I was going to die. I became despondent and suffered untold agony. I could not eat, sleep nor rest, and it seemed as if I could not exist. At the end of six months I was reduced to but a shadow of myself, and at last my heart became affected and I was truly miserable. I took six or eight bottles of Dr. Miles' Nerve. It gave me relief from the start, and at last a cure, the greatest blessing of my life."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.



### MASTER'S SALE

— OF —

### City Property.

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT

Jas. R. Stivers, Assignee, Plaintiff, vs. Sherman Stivers, etc., Defendant

By virtue of a judgment of the Bourbon Circuit Court made and entered in the above styled cause on July 21, 1898, I will sell publicly at the Court house door, in Paris, Kentucky, on

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1898.

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m., the following described real estate to-wit:

Lot No. 16 in Higgins Sub-division to the City of Paris, fronting 50 feet on McCann Avenue and extending back of uniform width to J. H. Lewis 113 feet more or less, bounded on the N by Reynolds' land and on the S by lot 14 and is the same lot conveyed to Sherman Stivers by J. M. Thomas and wife, by deed of date, May 30th, 1888, of record in the office of the Clerk of Bourbon County Court.

Also, the undivided one-seventh interest of the defendant, Sherman Stivers, in the following tract of land, subject to the dower right of his mother, Mrs. Mollie Stivers, therein, to-wit: A certain tract of land lying and being in Bourbon county, Kentucky, bounded on the E by the lands of the Ogden heirs, and on the W by the lands of Jas. Hinton, on the N by the lands of the Willis Wright, and on the S by the lands of the Warfield heirs, containing about acres.

Said sale will be made upon a credit of six and twelve months for equal parts of the purchase money, for which the purchaser will be required to give bonds, with good surety to be approved by the undersigned Master Commissioner, payable to said Commissioner and bearing interest from date until paid at the rate of six per cent. per annum and having the force and effect of judgments.

EMMETT M. DICKSON,

Master Commissioner Bourbon Circuit Court.

HARMON STITT, Attorney.

### A Fleshly Consumptive

Did you ever see one? Did you ever hear of one? Most certainly not. Consumption is a disease that invariably causes loss of flesh. If you are light in weight, even if your cough is only a slight one, you should certainly take

Scott's Emulsion

of cod liver oil with hypophosphites. No remedy is such a perfect preventive to consumption. Just the moment your throat begins to weaken and you find you are losing flesh, you should begin to take it. And no other remedy has cured so many cases of consumption. Unless you are far advanced with this disease, Scott's Emulsion will hold every inducement to you for a perfect cure.

All Druggists, etc. and Dr. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

### GARTH FUND.

The present beneficiaries of the Garth Fund will meet the commissioners at the City School, Wednesday, July 20th, at 9 a. m. They must bring the text books used during the last school year. New applicants will be considered Thursday, July 21st, at same hour and place. They are required to present certificates from last school attended respecting their application, proficiency and conduct, and also evidence as to their financial condition.

E. F. CLAY,  
E. M. DICKSON,  
GEO. VARDEN,  
Commissioners

(Sjy-td)

### 'Strayed or Stolen.'

Bay mare, 15 hands high, 3 years old, was taken from hitching rack at colored Baptist Church in Paris, on the night of July 4th. She is shedding front teeth. Heavy mane and tail. Had on brown leather saddle with heavy lap robe for blanket. Will pay for information leading to her recovery, or will give \$5 for her return to me.

WILLIE CALAMESE,

(Sjuly-3t) Box 511, Paris, Ky.

### Estill Springs

OPEN JUNE 15TH TO OCT. 1ST.

Noted White Sulphur and Chalybeate Waters. The prettiest Place, and best kept Summer Resort in the West.

For particulars apply to  
CAPT. J. M. THOMAS, Proprietor  
IRVINE, KY.

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of Angnetta G. Rogers, deceased, must present same properly proven as required by law before me at my office before Sept. 1, 1898, or else be barred.

By order of the Bourbon County Court.  
S. B. ROGERS,  
Administrator.  
July 2, 1898. (3t-T)

### PHOENIX BICYCLES

Pretty Bicycles

are all right if you want something pretty to look at, but there is a world of satisfaction in knowing you have a wheel that will stand the racket on all roads—under all conditions. The Phoenix will do it.

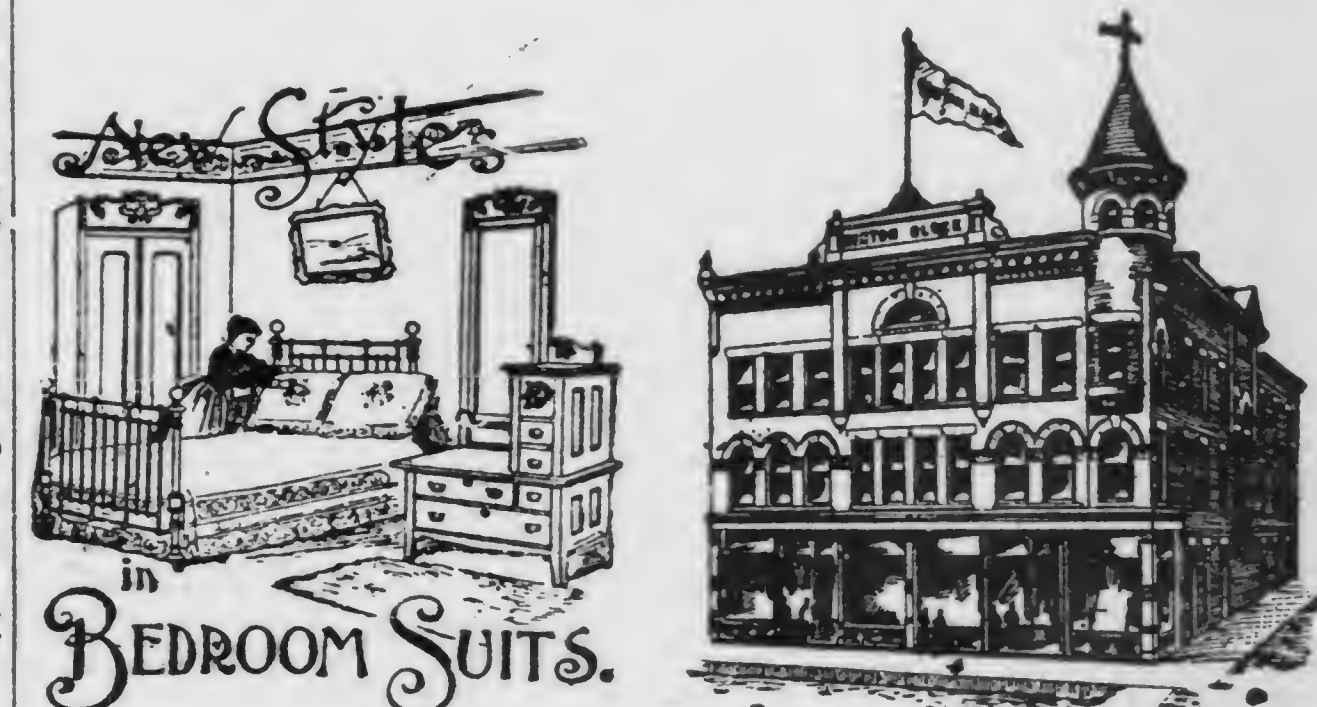


### DAUGHERTY BROS.,

— DEALERS IN —

Bicycles, Sundries, etc., Bicycle Repairing, Vulcanizing, etc.

My aim is to give you the very best furniture at the very lowest prices consistent with good reliable goods.



in **BEDROOM SUITS.**

Years of experience in buying and the fact that I pay cash for all goods insures good results.

Another important fact not to be overlooked: I am not paying a big rent and this feature is very much to the advantage of the furniture buyers of Bourbon and surrounding counties.

Big wordy advertisements and quoting prices on nothing in particular but everything in general are intended only to fool the buyers and "pull them in." To come to the point: If you want the best furniture for the least money go to

### J. T. HINTON

Close Prices on Mattings This Week.

Elegant line of Pictures and Room Mouldings. Send me your old furniture to be repaired. Your furniture moved by experienced hands.

Wood Mantels furnished complete. Undertaking in all its branches.

Embalming scientifically attended to. CARRIAGES FOR HIRE.



## THE BOURBON NEWS.

(Eighteenth Year—Established 1881.)

[Entered at the Post-office at Paris, Ky., as second-class mail matter.]

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

## SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.

[Payable in Advance.]  
One year.....\$2.00 [Six months.....\$1.00]

NEWS COSTS: YOU CAN'T EVEN GET A REPORT FROM A GUN FREE OF CHARGE.

Make all Checks, Money Orders, Etc., payable to the order of CHAMP &amp; MILLER.

PARIS buyers offered sixty-six cents for wheat yesterday.

FIFTY Parisians went to Cincinnati Sunday on the L. &amp; N. excursion.

ELD J. T. SHERRARD has accepted a call from Old Union Church, in Fayette county.

THE Morehead Advance issued a creditable "Chamber of Commerce" edition last week.

THE drops of about fifty telephones at the telephone exchange were burned out by lightning Friday night.

CONGRESSMAN PUGH was renominated Saturday for Congress from the Ninth district over ex-Mayor Cox, of Mason.

MANN &amp; FUHRMAN are building an addition to their livery stable on Second street. The new building will be 100x65 feet.

FIFTY colored preachers were here here last week to attend the Little Zion Baptist Association, which ended in a camp meeting at the Fair Grounds Sunday.

PRESS dispatches state that Dick Butler and his three brothers, of this city, have arrived at Victoria, B. C., with half a million in gold from Alaska. They are not from Paris.

PARIS has been over-run with tramps and beggars for several days. A family who was given a pass to a neighboring city, returned the pass, saying they would rather walk and beg.

MESSRS. SAM BAILEY and Julius Herick, popular conductors on the L. &amp; N. left Sunday for a vacation trip. They will rest at Mackinac and other resorts in Northern Michigan.

FRED GORHAM, of Louisville, formerly of this city, a member of the Second Cavalry, participated in the battle of Santiago, and was present at the surrender of the city Sunday morning. His brother Thornton, is a member of the First Kentucky, at Chickamanga.

## School News.

Colored examinations will be held at the Court-house Friday.

All who have books to donate to the county schools circulating library are requested to at once send them to the County Superintendent. Boxes are now being made up.

## Hanging At Georgetown.

CLARENCE VINEGAR, the negro wife murderer, was hanged in the jail yard at Georgetown yesterday morning at 5:15, in the presence of fifty spectators. There was a large crowd around the jail. The murderer was cool to the last moment. This was the first legal execution in Georgetown for forty years.

## Storage For Grain.

I HAVE storage capacity at my warehouses for 80,000 bushels of wheat for which I will issue negotiable warehouse receipts, and will guarantee the holder can borrow two-thirds the market price of the grain at the banks at seven per cent. interest. Storage, one cent per bushel per month or fractional part thereof. No charge for handling or sacks. Parties who held their wheat last year were paid handsomely for so doing. Will pay New York or Baltimore prices, less the freight, any time you wish to sell.

R. B. HUTCHCRAFT.

## Colored K. of P. Officers

THE Colored Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, in session at Owensboro last week, elected the following officers: J. L. V. Worthington, Louisville, Grand Chancellor; M. T. Martin, Lexington, Vice Grand Chancellor; E. L. Bowen, Louisville, Grand Prelate; French Thompson, Paris, Master Exchequer; H. C. Smith, Paris, Keeper of Records; J. W. Jewett, Lexington, Grand Lecturer; J. M. Puters, Grand Medical Director; Leonard Simms, Louisville, Marshal; D. S. Miller, Paris, Supreme Representative; George Nugent, Louisville, Treasurer endowment fund.

## L. &amp; N. Excursions.

To Pittsburg, Oct. 8, 9, 10, limited to 18, on account Knights Templar Conclave. One fare for round trip.

To Christian Workers' Association Meeting at Black Mountain, N. C., August 18th to 24th. One fare for the round trip.

One fare for the round trip to Annual Convention of Christian Church, at Chattanooga, Oct. 10th to 13th.

One fare for the round trip to National L. A. W., at Indianapolis, August 7th to 9th.

To Cincinnati, Sunday, July 24th, \$1.25 round trip. Train leaves Paris at 5:15 a. m. Returning train leaves Cincinnati at 7:55 p. m.

F. B. CARR, Gen'l Agent, Paris, Ky.

## Cut The Weeds.

THE recent and frequent showers of rain have caused vegetation to grow luxuriantly, and of course the weeds, too, have sprung up thick and rank. In this year of promise and plenty, when everything is growing with the minimum of care and attention, we are prone to neglect the war on the weeds. Our beautiful woodlands, pastures, lawns and roads are growing up with weeds. This should not be cut them out and sow bluegrass to fatten your cattle. Exterminate the noxious weeds ere they germinate seeds a thousand fold to curse you and annoy your neighbor. The wet days when other work can not be attended to, such days are good for making war on the weeds. Don't put it off till to-morrow. Keep your place free from weeds. Your children and your children's children will bless you, and visitors will indeed say this bluegrass country is the prettiest land extant. K.

## That Endless Chain.

The endless chain of letters started by Miss Natalie Schenck, of Babylon, Long Island, for the benefit of the Ice Plant Auxiliary of the Red Cross Society, and which has caused considerable comment in the Eastern press, has reached Paris. Several of the letters have been received here. The request contained in the letters has been complied with by some, out the majority of the letters have found a permanent resting place in the waste basket. Miss Schenck started the chain innocently, little dreaming of the extent to which the enterprise would develop.

The Associated Press has been called on to inform the world that it is desirable that the chain be broken. Miss Schenck has received between 20,000 and 30,000 letters already, and has realized some \$2,500. Letters were received from every State in the Union, from Mexico, Canada and Cuba. Mrs. McKinley, Mrs. Garfield and Levi P. Morton each sent a dime.

Raceland Jersey butter for sale by Newton Mitchell.

## Going To Atlanta.

THE following ex-Confederates will leave this city this morning for Atlanta to attend the Confederate reunion: Capt. Ed. Spears, Judge Russell Mann, J. E. Kern, W. H. Whaley, J. T. Nesbitt, Peter Mernaugh, John D. Penn and A. T. Forsyth. Also Judge W. M. Purnell, attorney Harmon Stitt, Mrs. Ev Rogers and Mrs. Minnie Wilson. From Millersburg: E. P. Clark, Jesse Payne, Jos. A. Miller and wife, W. M. Layson and wife and daughters, Mrs. G. W. Bryan and Miss Lula Grimes. From North Middletown: Chas. Meigs, G. T. Bradley, Hiram Carpenter and daughter. From Mt. Olivet: Hon. Wm. Morris and Mitchell Neal.

## Police Court Topics.

M. FIELD was fined three dollars in Judge Webb's court Saturday for obstructing the sidewalk with boxes.

Arthur Anderson and Pete Mannel, two colored youths, were tried Saturday for indulging in the queer pastime of cutting each other with knives. When arrested Anderson had received a playful cut in his coat, and Mannel had a playful cut on his wrist, and both claimed to be "just playing." They were each fined \$7.50 for indulging in this diversion.

Yesterday John Judy was fined \$3.50 for running a public vehicle without license.

Fannie Brown, colored, was fined \$7.50 for using obscene language.

In Judge Purnell's court Dick Tutter was fined \$5.50 for failing to provide for his children, and George Ann Tutter, Enoch Fields and Ed Hurley were each fined \$5.50 for adultery.

Don't use any other but Purify flour from Paris Milling Co.—tell your grocer you want no other. All grocers keep it.

## NUPTIAL KNOTS.

Engagements, Announcements And Solicitations Of The Marriage Vows.

Samuel McKenzie and Mrs. Annie Tucker, both of the Little Rock precinct, were married yesterday at the court house by Judge W. M. Parnell.

## BIRTHS.

The Advent Of Our Future Men And Women.

To the wife of D. W. Peed, yesterday, a son.

THERE are eggs and eggs. The egg of yesterday looks, feels, measures and weighs like the egg of last month, but there's a difference in another respect, and that difference is worth money. Its just so with laundry. The difference between good work and poor is slight to the unpracticed discernment, but its a difference that counts every time. It's a difference that changes your laundry bill from an expense to an investment. We do good work—it will cost no more than poor work but its worth double the difference.

## BOURBON STEAM LAUNDRY.

Ladies' white silk and P. K. puff ties, 25 cents, at Price &amp; Co's.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

COMERS AND GOERS OBSERVED BY THE NEWS MAN.

Notes Hastily Jotted On The Streets, At The Depots, In The Hotel Lobbies And Elsewhere.

—T. H. Talbott left Sunday for Chicago.

—Attorney Samuel Boyd Rogers is ill of fever.

—Mr. Ira Taylor, of Cincinnati, was in the city yesterday.

—County Clerk Ed. Paton was in Cincinnati Saturday.

—Rev. Father Barry, of Lexington, was in the city Friday.

—Stout Leer has gone to Olympian Springs for a short stay.

—Garrett Kenney and Joe Layvi have gone to Swango Springs.

—Miss Flora Hill is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Smith, in Dayton.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Thomas, are visiting relatives in Lexington.

—Mrs. Laura Wiggins, of Covington, is a guest at Mr. C. Alexander's.

—Mrs. Ed Keller and children are guests of relatives in Richmond.

—Mrs. John Feeney has returned from a visit to relatives in Richmond.

—Miss Nannie Clay left Friday for a visit to friends at Clarion, Pennsylvania.

—Miss Pattie Johnson, of Mt. Sterling, is the guest of Miss Katie Alexander.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Adair and children are visiting relatives in Mt. Sterling.

—Miss Nelle Pitt, of Kansas City, is visiting Mrs. Sallie Adair near Mt. Carmel.

—Mrs. J. W. Ferguson and son, of Atlanta, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Roberts.

—Miss Bessie Edgar, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. T. Vansant.

—Mrs. George Stuart and son leave today for a visit to Mrs. G. C. Givens, in Stanford.

—Editor Wm. Remington was at Estill Springs from Saturday until yesterday morning.

—Rev. F. J. Cheek attended the funeral of Rev. J. P. Hendrick, yesterday at Flemingsburg.

—Mr. J. D. Cordon left Sunday for a trip to Atlantic City, New York, New Haven and other cities.

—Masters Frank and Carl Nippert, of Arlington Heights, Ohio, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. Nippert, Sr.

—Miss Mary Layton has returned from a trip to Washington, D. C., and a visit to relatives in Lexington.

—Miss Mattie Grinnan will shortly return to Jellico, Tenn., to continue teaching music during the summer.

—Misses Elizabeth Brooks, of Carlisle, and Anna Simms, of Flemingsburg, were in the city Saturday afternoon.

—Miss Maud Stout left yesterday for a fortnight's visit to her cousin, Mrs. Augustus Thomas, in Evansville, Ind.

—Miss Nettie Herzog, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Price, returned Sunday to her home in Cincinnati.

—The Jolly Bachelors will give a german to-night at Odd Fellows Hall. Saxton's orchestra will furnish the music.

—Mrs. J. C. Morrison returned yesterday to Crown Hill, West Virginia, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Butler.

—Miss Minerva Reese, who has been visiting Misses Nannie and Stella Roberts, returned Saturday to her home in Cynthiana.

—The Paris friends of Mr. E. T. Porter, of the Lexington Leader, will regret to hear that he has been quite ill for several days.

—Mrs. Selby Lilliston and son Lyford, accompanied by Miss Mary Russell January, left Friday afternoon for a visit in Kansas City.

—Messrs John and Cabell Chenault, of Richmond, and Harry Brent, of Lexington, will come to Paris for the german this evening.

—Misses Etta and Mamie McClintock arrived home Saturday from a fortnight's stay in the country with Miss Bertie Wallis, near Mair.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Williams, of Lexington, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Stuart and Misses Winnie and Lottie Williams, on Pleasant street.

—Misses Hannah Moberly, of Harrodsburg, and Lillian Kelley, of Georgetown, returned to their homes Saturday after a visit to Misses Eddie and Alice Spears.

—Hon. Chas. Offutt, formerly of this city, who has been very ill at his home in Omaha, is very much improved in health, and will soon be entirely recovered.

—Color Sergeant Charlton Alexander, of the Second Kentucky, who has been ill in a Cincinnati hospital, was in the city Saturday en route to Chickamanga to join his regiment.

—Mr. George D. Mitchell has returned from a very pleasant sojourn at Mt. Clemens, Michigan, where he met many persons noted in the stage world and in other public professions, who are

making their temporary home at Mt. Clemens.

—Mrs. J. Ed Ray is visiting relatives in Winchester.

—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Calvert, of Covington, are visiting relatives in the city.

—Mr. Rudolph Davis and Mrs. Cornay Watson visited friends in Carlisle Sunday.

—Hon. M. R. Lockhart, of Newport, returned home yesterday after a brief visit in the city.

—Miss Bertha Blackwelder, of St. Louis, and Mr. Sam Neely, of St. Joseph, Mo., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Neely.

—Mrs. A. Sanders and daughter, Miss Grace Sanders, of Wyoming, formerly of this city, were guests of Dr. M. H. Daily Saturday and Sunday.

—Messrs. Edward Thomas, of Louisville, and Henry Thomas, of Leitchfield, who have been guests of Mrs. J. T. Hinton, returned to their homes yesterday.

—Mr. Robert S. Porter, who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Randall, will leave this morning for his home in New York, to resume his position on Munsey's Magazine.

—Misses Hel'n Bennett, of Richmond, Margaret Woodford, of Mt. Sterling, Elizabeth Hazelrigg, of Frankfort, and Elizabeth Van Meter, of Danville, are guests of Miss Bessie Woodford.

—The following young people enjoyed a delightful impromptu dance given at Odd Fellows Hall Friday night:

Misses Sallie Joe Hedges, Lillian Kelley (Georgetown), Jennie Kate Purnell, Miss Young, Bessie Haynes, Rosie Talbott (Cynthiana), Nellie Mann, Mary Egnew (Maysville), Grace Swearingen, Agnes Talbott (Cynthiana), Nannie Swearingen, Haanah Moberly (Harrodsburg), Lucy Keller, Helen Connell, Alice Talbott, Messrs. Kirtley Jamison, Noah Spears, Jack Carter, Miller McIlwain, Frank Bowden, John Spears, Robt. Frank, Ben Downey, Lyt. Purnell, Julian Howe, Robt. Clark, Duncan Taylor, Howard Edwards, Roy Clendenin, Chas. Wilmoth, John Krieger, Jas. Chambers, Walter Kenney, Ed Tucker, Chas. May. The dance was

given up by Messrs. Jamison, Spears and McIlwain.

## OBITUARY.

Respectfully Dedicated To The Memory Of The Dead.

Rev. Jas. P. Hendrick, father of ex Attorney General W. J. Hendrick, of Frankfort, and pastor of the Flemingsburg Presbyterian Church for forty years, died Friday night at Flemingsburg. Funeral yesterday at Flemingsburg.

Mrs. Martha Craycraft Current, wife of Bourbon Current Jr., died Sunday night at eight o'clock, aged seventeen years. She is survived by her husband and a two-weeks-old babe. Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at four o'clock at the Christian Church by Eld. J. S. Sweeney. The remains were interred in the Paris cemetery.

Gen. John S. Williams, a famous soldier, orator, politician and traveler, step-father of Mrs. R. G. Stoner, of this city, died Sunday morning at his home near Mt. Sterling, aged eighty years. The deceased was born in Montgomery county July 19th, 1818, graduated from Oxford College and located in this city to practice law. When the Mexican war broke out he organized a company, was elected Captain, and served through the war, winning the title of the "hero of Cerro Gordo." He afterwards joined the Confederate army and was made a brigadier general. Gen. Williams represented Clark and Montgomery counties in the Kentucky Legislature, and was sent to Europe by the U. S. government to observe military movements in the Crimean war. He was defeated for the Democratic nomination for governor of Kentucky in 1875 by a fraction of a vote. In 1877 he was elected U. S. Senator over Senator Lindsay and ex-Govs. Knott and McCreary, and was defeated for re-election by J. C. S. Blackburn. Gen. Williams spent four years in Europe, Asia and Africa and was an extensive traveler. He leaves one daughter by his first marriage—Mrs. J. H. Holloway, of Clark county. The remains were interred at Winchester yesterday afternoon at five o'clock.

## THE



SHOE

For Gentlemen.

"The best is always the cheapest"

— FOR SALE AT —

Clay's Shoe Store,  
Opposite Deposit Bank

## MID-SUMMER

## CLEANING-UP SALE.

## AT G. TUCKER'S.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,  
August 18th, 19th and 20th.

To make room for my Fall purchases, which will soon begin to arrive, I take this method of cleaning up all Summer goods such as: Lawns, India Linens, Dimities, Check Muslins, Curtain Swings, Linens and Ducks for Skirts, Summer Dress Goods, Bed Quilts, Sheets and cases, Table Linens, Odd Napkins, Towels, Hamburgs and Laces.

## All Ladies Muslin Underwear

will be offered at low prices to close. Also one case of Bleached Cotton at 5cts. per yard—OUR OWN SPECIAL BRAND—not more than 20 yds. to one customer. A few Comforts and Blankets carried over from last season will be found on our Bargain Counters at reduced prices. Remember the days and dates. Positively all goods go back to regular prices the day following.

## G. TUCKER,

529 Main St., Paris, Ky.

## Condon's Great Sacrifice Sale.

Everything in Our Store will be offered regardless of Cost for the next 30 days, and we mention just a few of the Bargains:

50 pieces of Simpson's Percales, 3½c per yd.  
Fancy Lawn in great variety, 4c per yd.  
Domestic Organdie Lawn, best quality, 10c per yd.  
Genuine French Organdie Lawns, 18c per yd.  
36-in. Sea Island Percales, only 8½c per yd.  
White Duck Skirts, full width, for 50c.  
Our finest Taped Ladies' Bleached Vests, 10c.  
Ladies' and Children's Seamless Hose for 10c.  
Regular Dollar Summer Corsets for 50c.  
Splendid Bleached and Unbleached Cotton, 5c.

We could give you columns of Bargains like these but space forbids, and we only ask you to call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Handsome Picture given with \$5-purchase

## J. D. CONDON.

## FASHIONABLE TAILORING!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A SPLENDID STOCK OF

IMPORTED SUITINGS AND TROUSERINGS

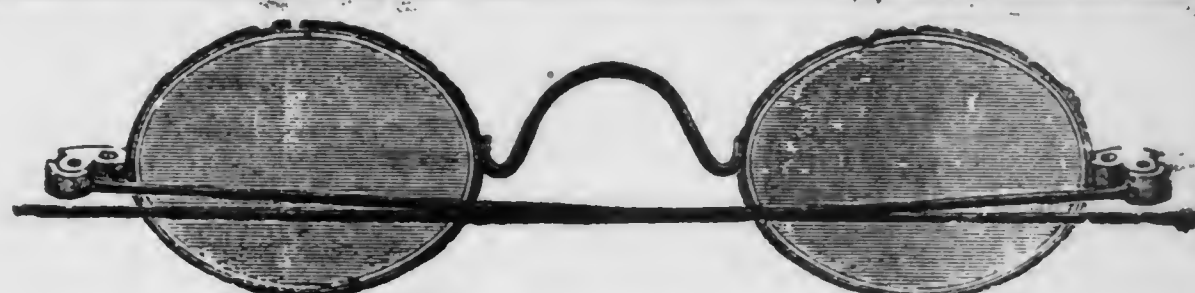
## FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

Our Prices are lower than any house in Central Kentucky, where quality and style are considered. We ask you to give us a call.

## F. P. LOWRY &amp; CO.

FINE MERCHANT TAILORS.

S. E. TIPTON, Cutter.



A. J. Winters &amp; Co., of this city, have engaged the services of an eminent optician to be at their store, on the second and last Thursday of each month, who will test your eye-sight and fit you with glasses and guarantee satisfaction. Call in and have your eyes tested free of charge. Next visit will be Thursday, July 28, 1898.



## A SHIRT FRONT THAT ATTRACTS ATTENTION

by the exquisite perfection of its color and finish is the one that you wear from the laundry work that is done here. Cuff, collar, shirt or shirt waist, is sent home looking as fresh and perfect as the new article, and we are only too pleased that we can give gratification and satisfaction to our patrons.

## The Bourbon Steam Laundry,

W. M. HINTON, JR., &amp; BRO., Proprietors.

Telephone No. 4.

## TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN.

NO GAS. NO COCAINE.

A simple application to the gums used only by me, and acknowledged by the public to be the best and easiest, and absolutely free from any after effects. Cathartic treatment for painless filling.

Set of teeth.....\$8.00.  
Upper and lower.....15.00.  
Silver fillings.....50 cts. up.  
Gold fillings.....1.00 up.  
Gold crowns.....5.00.  
Painless extraction.....50 cts.

J. R. ADAIR, D. D. S.,

321 Main St., Paris, Ky.,

(opp. Court-house.)

Hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

Telephone 79.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late D. Miller, deceased, will please settle with the undersigned at once. Those holding claims against said decedent will present them, proven, as required by law, to H. C. Howard, attorney.

S. LILLESTON,

(4t) Admr. D. MILLER, Dec'd.

## SCHOOL NOTICE.

The next session of my school will begin the first Monday in September.

W. L. YERKES.

(14je-tf)



## THE BOURBON NEWS.

[Eighteenth Year—Established 1881.]

Published Every Tuesday and Friday by  
WALTER CHAMP, Editors and Owners  
BRUCE MILLER.

## OUR COLORS.

Red! 'tis the hue of battle,  
The pledge of victory;  
In sunset light, in northern night,  
It flashes brave and free.  
"Then paint with red thy banner,"  
Quoth Freedom to the Land,  
"And when thy sons go forth to war,  
This sign be in their hand!"

White! 'tis the sign of purity,  
Of everlasting truth;  
The snowy robe of childhood,  
The stainless mail of youth,  
Then paint with white thy banner,  
And pure as northern snow  
May these thy stately children  
In truth and honor go.

Blue! 'tis the tint of heaven,  
The morning's gold-shot arch,  
The burning deeps of noontide,  
The stars' unending march.  
Then paint with blue thy banner,  
And bid thy children raise  
At daybreak, noon, and eventide  
Their hymn of love and praise.

Valor and truth and righteousness,  
In threefold strength to-day  
Raise high the flag triumphant,  
The banner glad and gay.  
"And keep thou well thy colors,"  
Quoth Freedom to the Land,  
"And 'gainst a world of evil  
Thy sons and thou shall stand."  
—Laura E. Richards, in Youth's Companion.

PLUCKY AND BRAVE  
LITTLE BANTAM.

Knew as Much as a Dog and De-  
feated Two Big Spanish Cocks.

—Copyright, 1898.

I BELIEVE every American boy instinctively admires a gallant fighter—be it man or bird or beast. Doubtless the boy—being just a plain boy and not yet an angel—now and then carries this sentiment too far; but in the main it is a good thing. It is this bold, chivalrous temper that fills our ranks and mows our ships in the hour of need, and makes our country invincible on land and sea. So my advice to parents would be, restrain it within due bounds, but be careful not to stomp it out. Everybody knows that Commodore Dewey was an excessively combative youngster; but we can forgive him now. It was my share of this warlike spirit, I presume, that made me such a fervent admirer of Coot; for Coot, besides being as intelligent as a dog and as pretty as a canary bird—and not much bigger—was as gallant a fighter as ever wore feathers. In view of the fact that he once thrashed two big Spanish cock-bulies more than three times his size, he certainly seems entitled to honorable mention now. And a monument—this



AFTER THE FIGHT.

airy monument of words—is all that it is possible to give him; for it was almost 30 years ago I took final leave of the dear little fellow, with streaming tears—of which I am not ashamed.

But it is time to give him a more formal introduction. Coot was a Seabright bantam of purest breed, with black and tan markings, partridge fashion, and the straightest of tail feathers. He wasn't much bigger than a quail. He was mine from the beginning. He was nothing but a tiny brown egg when he came into my possession, and he was my special pet from the moment he toddled like an animated ball of thistle down from the broken shell. He was reared in the large and extremely heterogeneous family of an old gray hen, and manifested a dominating spirit from the first. It was very curious to see him lord it over his foster brothers, who so rapidly outgrew him that soon he could reach their heads for purposes of chastisement only by leaping high in the air.

For a time they all submitted without question to his capricious tyranny and splendid bluff; then doubts began to arise, especially in the muddy heads of two overgrown black Spanish fowls, who were getting so big that they looked like turkeys. Slowly they made up their minds—or whatever served them as a substitute for minds—that the thing was an imposition and not to be endured. Justice was clearly on their side; the odds were in their favor two to one in numbers and more than six to one in weight. Yet wit and pluck, as personified in the keen, clever little bantam, won out. Brain and nerve always do win, when pitted against mere beef and brawn, whether the combat is with beaks and spurs or with bayonets and cannon.

Nobody saw the fight. We were all away, taking a drive when it occurred, but the scene that greeted us on our return was eloquent of battle and victory. The ground was well sprinkled with feathers, and black and tan plumage was largely in evidence. In the midst of a circle of admiring beas

stood Coot, ragged as a tramp, his comb and wattles cruelly torn, his head and neck black with clogged blood; but he was strutting proudly back and forth, scraping his wings on the ground and crowing in triumph! He looked as if he had been whipped three times over.

I caught up the devoted little warrior. He still cowered as he lay in my hand. I closed his beak with my fingers to stop him, but as soon as I let go he crowed again. Yet his condition was so deplorable that I carried him into the house for hospital treatment; and the moment he was out of sight of the hens he dropped on his side and lay panting. He was so weak that he could scarcely stand!

As for the black Spanish louts, they were nowhere to be seen; but after a protracted search I found them crouching behind a pile of boards. They were thoroughly cowed, but not much hurt. Coot, with all his fine traits, was undoubtedly vain, and unduly fond of strutting before the hens at all times. He had a mate as dainty as himself, and smaller even than he; and these practices of his vexed her, for she was a jealous little soul. Her wrath, however, was directed wholly against the unoffending hens before whom the gay young cock disported himself; and despite their superior size, I have often seen her fly in their faces like a little fury. On such occasions Coot stood by rather sheepishly, and never ventured to interfere. He seemed to recognize in her a spirit fully equal to his own.

He was a perfect gentleman in all respects. The other roosters, whenever they found a particularly choice morsel, would call together the hens—and then gobble it down just as the fore-most fowl came running up. Coot never played any such low-down tricks as that; though, indeed, he had small temptation, for I doubt that he ever knew what it was to feel hungry. He was petted and pampered by all of us. After breakfast I often brought him into the house, and he would stand on my knee at table and eat of what remained on my plate as daintily as a canary bird.

He had an uneasy conscience, too, which troubled him when he engaged in mischief—as he often did, none the less. When detected invading the flower garden—where he knew that he was forbidden to go—he showed signs of guilt exactly like a clever dog. At other times I could pick him up anywhere; he would come to call if not too busy; but if I discovered him in the garden I couldn't get near him, and in his demeanor there was every mark of shame.

What became of the bright little bird, who flits like a summer butterfly across the memories of my childhood? I can't tell you; I never knew. When he was about three years old we moved away to another village, more than 50 miles distant. To take him with me was declared impossible by a court

from which there was no appeal. So I gave him away to one of my most trusted friends, only stipulating that my pet should be allowed to live out his full term—brief enough at best—in peace and comfort. I carried him to his new home in my arms, caressed him, set him down, and turned away. I have never asked any questions as to his fate. I preferred not to know; pets so often come to some unhappy end. So I shall always remember my gallant bantam as I last saw him, strutting gayly away to make new acquaintances among the hens—and fight fresh battles if he need be.

WALKER LOVELAND.

## An Uncultivated Taste.

"I wanted to ax yer," said the new colored servant, with much embarrassment, "ef yoh had any dejections to my bakin' some ol' fashioned, home-made bread?"

"We don't need any," replied the housewife. "The baker's bread is quite satisfactory."

"I didn't speck ter make it foh you all. I was axin' yer as a p'sonal favoh."

"You mean you desire to make some bread especially for your own use?"

"Ef I mount, ma'am, I hasn't got myself usenter to dishere baker's bread. When I bites inter a piece an' doesn't fin' nuffin' hut a hole, I feels disappointed. I knows I'se way behind de times. Dey kin put wind in balloons an' bicycle tires an' I ain't got nuffin' to say. But when it comes ter pneumatic bread, I gibs up. Ef I kain't hab de good old-matic kind, I reckons I'll hafter git along wif meent an' vegetables."—Detroit Free Press.

## Necessary Economy.

Physician—While you are under my treatment I must insist that you do not smoke, drink, eat expensive delicacies, go to the theater nor ride to your office.

Patient—B—but surely, doctor, my case is not as desperate as that!

"No-o. But I want to feel a reasonable assurance that my bill will be paid when presented."—N. Y. Journal.

## QUEER WAYS OF SHARKS.

The Hungry Terror Is Impudent in General, but Can't Stand a Commotion in the Water.

"One horror of sea fighting I believe our sailors will be spared in this war," said a veteran of the merchant marine, "and that is the large chances of being killed by sharks. The whole of the Caribbean sea about Cuba swarms with those infernal things, and, as a rule, when a man drops overboard, the chances are that in another minute nothing will be left of him on the surface but some red stains in the water, unless he keeps his presence of mind and knows just what to do.

"There is a way of helping yourself when you get into that fix. That's just why I say that in these modern battles the danger from sharks is not likely to be anything like what it was in old times. Perhaps you are not aware that a shark is the most timid and nervous fish of prey that lives, but it is so. When you find yourself floating about in those waters and think a shark is anywhere near you just you kick and splash for all you are worth. If you don't think there are any sharks about, kick and splash on general principles—that is, if you want to see your home and your family again. A shark that is making straight for his prey will turn tail and sheer off as soon as the splashing begins. Now, I believe that in a general engagement between these modern ships, that with the tremendous concussion of the heavy guns and the churning of the water with propellers on all sides and an occasional torpedo raising a disturbance every now and then in the water, the whole neighborhood will be cleared of sharks.

"In the old days, although the broadsides made a good deal of noise, no doubt, a ship went down much more quietly than now. Just think of the commotion in the water when the big fires and the boilers go under. No shark will stay within a mile of such an upheaval.

"I am not talking mere theory when I say that a shark can be frightened off by splashing. I have seen it done, or, to be quite exact, I saw the man who did it just after he had scrambled out of the water. He had been in bathing in one of those sea baths they have in Kingston harbor, where they fence in a good piece of water with piles driven into the bottom close together. One of the piles had got broken somehow, and a big basking shark had squeezed through and gone to sleep in the bath. When the man plunged in the shark woke up and commenced to charge around. By that time the man was some yards away from the bath. He immediately turned on his back and kicked as hard as he could, and the shark, instead of charging at him, went into a downright panic and bumped his nose against all the piles lopping for the hole he had got in by.

"I know it sounds like a fable to say a shark is timid, because they will do things that you would hardly expect a timid fish to do. I myself have seen a shark leap out of the water close enough to a rowboat to tumble on the oar blades, but that was my own dinghy, and my boys knew how to row, and didn't make a splash with the blades or try any of this landlubbery 'feathering' business. Then there is a place at Port Royal where a little flight of wooden steps goes down into the water, and they say that a British artillery officer who was sitting on those steps—or some other steps that were in the same place—one morning smoking a cigar, had both his legs torn off by a shark that swam close in shore and rose at him as a trout rises at a fly. But all that only shows that a shark is a queer, in consistent kind of a fish, and in spite of all his impudence, you may depend upon it, he can't stand anything that makes a disturbance in the water.

"Oh, yes, when the battle is over he will follow the ship that has any wounded men on board—follow it for miles. I don't know how he knows there is a wounded man or a sick man on board a ship, any more than I can tell how Mother Carey's chickens can read the barometer, but he does know. You see, a seafaring man has to be satisfied to know a good many things that he can't explain."—N. Y. Sun.

## A SNAKE-HUNTING CAT.

Austin, a Suburb of Chicago, Has a Tabby Which Prefers Rep-  
tiles to Rats.

Austin boasts a cat which is a snake hunter. The flower-studded prairies west of Forty-eighth street, the old city boundary line, are overrun by green reptiles and others that are not so green. Not one of them is venomous, however. Every day Tabby leaves her home in West Fifty-third street and boldly invades the tall grass where lurk and wriggle the harmless but nevertheless repulsive serpent. Here she prowls for hours at a time until she finds one of the crawlers. Then she pounces upon it, seizes it firmly in the middle and trots back to the house, the snake meekly encircling her neck like a green and animated collar. Once upon her own territory the cat shakes herself loose from her strange enemy and begins to toss and bite the disconcerted reptile until life has left its long body.

Four or five times a day the cat goes on the hunt, and seldom does she return without her prey firmly clinked in her mouth. Strangely, too, Tabby, the snake chaser, is not a mouser. Rats may play hide and seek about her, but she pays no attention to them. She is essentially a snake destroyer, and did she not deliver the uncanny game upon the porch and the kitchen stairs she would be hailed with acclaim by all the women and children in the neighborhood. As it is, however, she causes innumerable spasms of fright whenever she bounds out of the jungle of grass and weeds.—Chicago Chronicle.

## THE LOYAL SOUTH.

The Splendid Proof Given in This War Was Not Needed to Proclaim It.

A veteran statesman was in Detroit a few days ago and did a little talking that it might be well for all the people to hear.

"If there's one thing that makes me wearier than another, it is this constant talk about the loyalty of the south. It creates the impression that you people up here are surprised, and that we were under suspicion. Of course we're loyal, and loyal to the backbone. Let anyone who has lingering doubts on the subject go down there and hush the old flag once. He'd be mighty lucky if he got off with a month or two in the hospital. I know what I'm talking about because I served on the other side. Ask any of your boys whether we put up a fight or not. We learned to respect each other then, and I want no better friend now than one of the brave fellows that helped whip us back into line.

"I wish every American citizen could have seen what I saw in Baltimore the other day. I saw the historic Sixth Massachusetts pass through on its way to Falls Church, Va. I delayed starting out on my route on purpose to help tell the Bay state fellows what we think of them. I was there in April, 1861, when the Sixth was headed for the front by way of our city. Their reception was that of hated invaders. We mobbed them with bullets, bricks, clubs and the worse verbal abuse we could put our tongues to. Had it been within our power we would have exterminated them.

"But this time it was different, and shows us one people with stronger ties of brotherhood than ever before. We had a reception committee composed of our very best citizens. They were given all the money and help they wanted. The city looked like a great flower garden decorated with flags and bunting. In '61 women drew their skirts aside from a Yankee soldier to avoid contamination. The other day hundreds of our prettiest women, and there are none more beautiful, were out to smile on the boys and help entertain them. Each one received a hunch in a box, an American flag and a button bearing the state coat-of-arms and the words 'Baltimore Greets Massachusetts.' On the streamers attached to floral pieces were the words: 'With flowers, not bullets, and a united country honors the men who are rallying to her defense. May the memory of '61 be effaced by the welcome of '98.'

"We had our bands out, the crowds cheered themselves hoarse, and old bald-headed fellows like me yelled till we couldn't swallow. I was run over and trampled, elbowed and jostled, but I kept right on cheering and had a scene at home because I talked about enlisting. I'll go yet if they want me and meantime I'm ready to do business with these people who keep talking about the loyalty of the south as though it was something unexpected."—Detroit Free Press.

## THE BICYCLE IN AUSTRIA.

There Is a Debt of Gratitude Owed to Countess Von Kienmansegg from Wheelmen.

Adopted with enthusiasm by Americans, dismissed for years in France, and combated in Germany by Emperor William II., bicycling met in no country with so much opposition as it did in Austria. The authorities for a long time remained hostile to it, subjecting the enjoyment of the sport to draconian rules and sparing its devotees no sort of annoyance. To get permission to ride in the streets of Vienna the cyclists were obliged to undergo a preliminary examination, and, in the presence of a jury, prove that they were able to pass through the public streets without being dangerous or troublesome to pedestrians. They were compelled to carry numbers larger than that of the hackmen. They were forbidden to travel through main streets, and in the localities which were open to them notices were posted at each corner commanding them to go slow at one place to put on the brake at another, and in some places, to dismount and treadle their machines.

The passion of a few titled women for the wheel at last triumphed over official prejudices and put an end to the troubles from which the cyclists suffered. Archduchess Stephanie is a famous wheelwoman. Archduchess Maria Josepha, in spite of a recent and somewhat serious accident, is no less passionately fond of the sport. But the most ardent of all the Austrian cycle women is, beyond a doubt, Countess von Kienmansegg, wife of the governor of Lower Austria. Thanks to her influence, Count von Kienmansegg decided to annul the greater portion of the vexatious ordinances of which the cyclists complained and put into practice the principle of free cycling. The wheelmen, grateful for this favor, called the edict granting them their liberty the "Anastasia law," from the first name of the countess.—Courier des Etats Unis.

## There Are Exceptions.

"Yes, sir," said the philosopher, "perseverance is the stepping stone to success. By constant and untiring effort one may accomplish anything within the scope of man. Perse—"

"Hold on," interrupted the man with the heavy eyebrows, "you're away off. There's a fellow living around the corner from me who has a conceit. You come over some night and listen to him persevere in trying to screech out a tune, and then tell me whether you still think perseverance brings success or not!"—Cleveland Leader.

## A Good One.

She—Your jokes remind me of a Spanish gunner.

He—In what way, pray?  
"They rarely succeed in their aim."—Boston Courier.

## HUMOROUS.

Willie—"Pa, what do they make talking machines of?" His Father—"The first one was made out of a rib, my son."—Life.

Ciupper—"What are Smudkin's office hours?" Blooney—"From my experience I judge they are from 'return soon' to five p. m."—Roxbury Gazette.

She—"Why does a man feel rich when he's riding in a hansom?" He—"Because he hasn't paid the driver yet, I suppose."—Yonkers Statesman.

Missus—"My goodness, Jane, you have your thumbs in the soup!" Jane (just imported from a rural district)—"Never mind, mum, it ain't hot!"—Judy.

Too Inquisitive.—She—"And would you go to the end of the world with me?" He—"Which end?" Now she treats him as a stranger.—Cleveland Leader.

Press of Social Business.—"We have not turned out many letters this week." "Why not?" "Typewriter girl had a picnic engagement every afternoon."—Chicago Record.

Juvenile Logic.—"Paw, can you see farther with a telescope than with the naked eye?" "Of course you can, Johnny." "How can that be, when it brings everything nearer?"—Chicago Tribune.

Miss Ann Thorpe—"I can't understand how Cholly can see better with a glass for one eye." Miss Sharpe—"Well, you see, it affords him mental rest. His brain is too delicate to grapple with two impressions of anything at once."—Jewelers' Weekly.

We may be pardoned the perpetuation of this: The ex-consul-general at Havana went into a Washington clothier's in search of a coat for his portly form. Having put one on, he expressed some doubt as to the fit. "Nonsense!" cried the dealer. "That fits you, Lee."—Philadelphia North American.

Mrs. Petter—"Did you see that? Dixon seized the rocking chair and was in it before his wife had a chance to reach it. And on his wedding trip, too!" Mr. Petter—"That's just it. There's where Dixon is smart. Nobody will suspect that he is on his wedding tour, don't you see? And, besides, he gets the chair."—Boston Transcript.

## THE MOSQUITO IN ACTION.

Some Interesting Facts About a Regular, Though Troublesome, Summer Visitor.

You can best observe the mosquito in action by letting one settle undisturbed on the back of your hand and waiting while she fills herself with your blood; you can easily watch her doing so with a pocket lens. Like the old lady in "Pickwick," she is soon "swelling visibly." She gorges herself with blood, indeed, which she straightway digests, assimilates and converts into 300 eggs. But if, while she is sucking, you gently and unobtrusively tighten the skin of your hand by clenching your fist hard, you will find that she cannot any longer withdraw her mandibles; they are caught fast in your flesh by their own harpoon-like teeth, and there she must stop accordingly till you choose to release her. If you then kill her in the usual manner, by a smart slap of the hand, you will see that she is literally full of blood, having sucked a good drop of it.

The humming sound itself by which the mosquito announces her approaching visit is produced in two distinct manners. The deeper notes which go to make up her droning song are due to the rapid vibration of the female insect's wings as she flies; a less vibration is caused by the beating of a membrane which measures the frequency of the waves of notes—to amount to about 3,000 in a minute. The mosquito's wings must therefore move with this extraordinary rapidity, which sufficiently accounts for the difficulty we have in catching one. But the higher and shriller notes of the complex melody are due to special stridulating organs situated like little drums on the opening of the air tubes; for the adult mosquito breathes no longer by one or two air entrances on the tail of each, like the larva, but by a number of spiracles, as they are called, arranged in rows along the sides of the body and communicating with the network of internal air chambers.

The curious mosquito music thus generated by the little drums serves almost beyond a doubt as a means of attracting male mosquitoes, for it is known that the long hairs on the antennae of the males vibrate sympathetically in unison with the notes of the tuning fork, within the range of sounds emitted by the female. In other words, hair and drums just answer to one another. We may, therefore, reasonably conclude that the antennae of the male are organs of hearing which catch and respond to the buzzing music she pours forth for her lover's ears. A whole swarm of gnats can be brought down, indeed, by uttering the appropriate note of the race. You can call them somewhat as you can call male glow-worms by showing a light which they mistake for the female.—Strand Magazine.

## A Big Banquet.

The greatest banquet in history took place August 18, 1889, when the 40,000 mayors of France sat at a table in the Palais de l'Industrie in Paris. There were three relays of about 13,000 guests each. To prepare the feast required 75 chief cooks, 13,000 waiters, scullions, cellar-men and helpers, 80,000 plates, 52,000 glasses, knives, forks and spoons in proportion; 40,000 rolls, and fish, meat and fowl by the ton. The banquet was part of the centenary celebration of the events of 1789.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

## Chance for Loving.

"I do so love babies," gurgled the young matron. "I could love one to death."

"Well," said the old bachelor, "there is one in the flat under mine that I wish you would concentrate your affections on."—N. Y. World.

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## FRANKFORD &amp; CINCINNATI RY

In Effect March 1, 1897.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

## EAST BOUND.

Lve Frankfort.....	6:30am	3:00pm
Arr Elkhorh.....	6:45am	3:20pm
Arr Switzer.....	6:55am	3:30pm
Arr Stamping Ground.....	7:05am	3:40pm
Arr Duval.....	7:15am	3:50pm
Arr Georgetown.....	7:25am	4:00pm
Lve Georgetown.....	7:35am	4:10pm
Arr Newtown.....	7:45am	4:20pm
Arr Centerville.....	7:55am	4:30pm
Arr Elizabeth.....	8:05am	4:40pm
Arr Paris.....	8:15am	4:50pm

## WEST BOUND.

Lve Paris.....	9:30am	5:00pm
Arr Elizabeth.....	9:45am	5:10pm
Arr Centerville.....	9:55am	5:20pm
Arr Newtown.....	10:05am	5:30pm
Arr Georgetown.....	10:15am	5:40pm
Lve Georgetown.....	10:25am	5:50pm
Arr Duval.....	10:35am	6:00pm
Arr Stamping Ground.....	10:45am	6:10pm
Arr Switzer.....	10:55am	6:20pm
Arr Elkhorh.....	11:05am	6:30pm
Arr Paris.....	11:15am	6:40pm

GEO. B. HARPER, Gen'l Supt.

Frankfort, Ky.

C. D. BERCAW, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Frankfort, Ky.

## CHESAPEAKE &amp; OHIO RY.

TIME TABLE.

## EAST BOUND.

Lv Louisville.....	8:30am	6:00pm
Ar Lexington.....	11:35am	8:40pm
Lv Lexington.....	11:35am	8:40pm
Lv Winchester.....	11:55am	9:00pm
Ar Mt. Sterling.....	12:25pm	9:30pm
Ar Washington.....	1:35am	10:40pm
Ar Philadelphia.....	10:15am	7:05pm
Ar New York.....	12:40am	9:05pm

## WEST BOUND.

Ar Winchester.....	7:30am	4:50pm
Ar Lexington.....	8:00am	5:20pm
Ar Frankfort.....	8:15am	5:35pm
Ar Shelbyville.....	10:15am	7:20pm
Ar Louisville.....	11:00am	8:15pm

Trains marked thus  $\dagger$  run daily ex-  
cept Sunday; other trains run daily.  
Through Sleepers between Louisville,  
Lexington and New York without  
change.

For rates, Sleeping Car reservations or  
any information call on



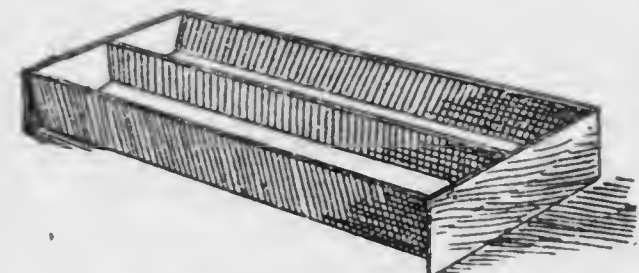


## SOFT POULTRY FOOD.

A Simple Device Which Keeps It Clean No Matter How Greedy the Chicks May Be.

When soft poultry food is thrown on the ground or even on a board, it is quickly trampled and befouled so that it is unfit to eat. Especially is this true in a wet, muddy time. To be sure, it may be placed in a shallow pan or trough, but even this does not help the matter any. What is wanted, rather, is a covered pan or trough so constructed that it will permit the poultry to obtain the food and at the same time keep them out of it with their feet.

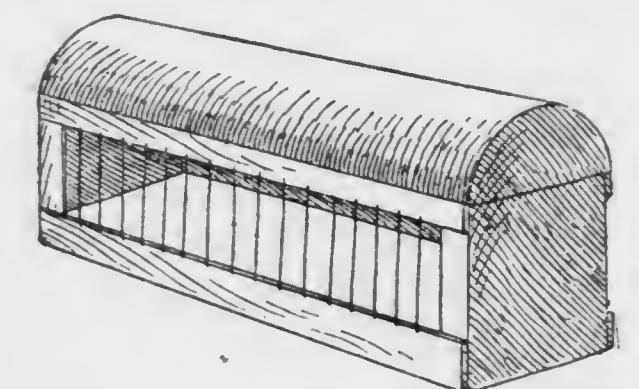
For small chicks make a double trough of tin, such as is shown in Fig.



TROUGH MADE OF TIN.

1. Have it from two feet up to any length desired, and six inches wide, each half being three inches wide and 1½ inches deep, with square ends soldered on. Tin gives the best satisfaction, as it can be easily washed and kept clean.

Make a box such as is shown in Fig. 2, and set the trough inside of it. Have this box, inside, of a length and width to correspond with the size of the trough, and let it be at least a foot high at the ends. It will take some work, of course, to construct the oval roof, but by rounding the end boards, or "peaks," and taking a thin but tough piece of board of the requisite size and steaming it, and then nailing



BOX FOR THE TROUGH.

It on securely, no serious difficulties will be experienced. Have this part hinged and fastened with a hook, as is shown.

Each side should be open and fitted with wire bars placed two inches apart, each end of these wires being bent at right angles, driven through the strips of wood and clinched. To insert the food, simply raise the upper portion or roof part, the semi-circularity of which prevents the fowls from roosting on it. Thus the poultry cannot get at the food with their feet to pollute it, and, at the same time, it is safe from any stray animals that may come along, such as cats and dogs, for which it is not intended.—Fred O. Sibley, in Ohio Farmer.

## LOCATION FOR BEES.

An Orchard with Low-Spreading Trees Is Claimed to Be the Ideal Place for an Apiary.

I have decided that the ideal place for an apiary is in an orchard, where there are low-spreading trees. If the queen's wings are clipped, there will be comparatively little climbing after swarms. Some prefer shade-boards; but after having tried both, for the comfort of the apiarist and that of the bees, I decidedly prefer the shade of low-spreading trees. Grapevines do tolerably well, but they do not protect the apiarist; and at the time of the year when the shade is most needed, they are sending out shoots and branches that interfere with the handling of the hive; and grapevines do require an excessive amount of trimming just at the time bees need the most attention. The colonies at our out-yard are placed in groups of three on the north side of the low-spreading bass woods. It is a great comfort as well as a pleasure to work among these bees compared with what it is in the home yard of the grapevines. Vernon Bart has his apiary in an apple orchard, and the grass is neatly kept down by sheep that are allowed to run among the hives at will. The lawn-mower does not begin to compare with them.—Colman's Rural World.

## FACTS FOR FARMERS.

Don't cultivate the corn too late. You will cut the roots.

We would advise feeding calves from tin or galvanized pails.

If the calf will not drink—and some will not—stir it to it.

Cut the grass when the bloom is on and you will preserve the aroma.

When the rains cease be sure to cultivate and make the surface fine.

The preservation of a good aroma in hay makes it all the more palatable to the animal.

Clover hay is a hundred per cent. better than timothy for all purposes in feeding stock.

It looks now as if wheat would be a good price for the next crop. Don't sell early if you can help it.

A tread power, run by a big dog or calf, will do the churning on most farms, and save lots of labor.

The only way to buy binder twine is to club together and demand a reduction in price. The sellers of binder twine are getting rich off the farmers.—Western Plowman.

## LIVE IN THE COUNTRY.

On the Farm Is Where Freedom, Health and Perfect Happiness Await Your Coming.

The person who does not love life in the country has lost the best part of his nature by being cast out of the garden of Eden at an early period of his life, to be artificially reared on the sights, sounds and smells of the streets, alleys and sewers of some city. He knows nothing of real home life—cities have very little—as a rule, only number so and so, such a street; he has very little sense of home joys and affections; the pure air and water of the country; its holy quietudes; its gentle appeals to all the senses; its solitudes, where tumult and mood never intrude; its delightful woods, its sports and pleasures; its loves and friendships, undefiled by the dust and grime of the crowded tenements and thronged thoroughfares; its sacred privacies and seclusions; its leisure, its freedom and independence from the intrusions and demands of hurrying urban life and its sacred exemptions from the gross contacts and associations of the bustling and shoulder-strutting streets—all these, and more akin to them, make the rural existence a perpetual delight, undefiled by the conditions that attend the constant pressure of mixed and crowded population.

The farm is not a bonanza, but it feeds the world. To one accustomed, its labors are easy and healthy; its incidents interesting, its rests, changes and relaxations, with exchanges of visits, always full of recreation; its crops engage continual care and attention, with daily vicissitudes of weather that never destroy hope and even cheer with promise of fruition, and at last, with garnered crops, it affords you plenty, with a roaring fire under your own roof—happy in being monarch of all you survey, despite the struggles for bread in the cities and the never-ending exertions and woes inseparable from style and its silly rivalries.

Go back to the country, young man! Go home to the farm. Seize the plow and become an independent and happy man, though you may miss wealth, fashion and luxury.—Norfolk Pilot.

## TYING THE FLEECE.

Put No More String Around It Than Is Absolutely Necessary to Hold It in Form.

The best and simplest method of tying wool, says Wool Markets and Sheep, is done by placing the fleece on a table with the flesh side down, and with the hands, work the wool in as compact form as possible, then fold in the two sides, then the tail end, then the neck wool. Beginning at the tail end of the fleece roll toward the neck, and the fleece will somewhat resemble a spool of thread in shape. About five or six feet of wool twine, owing to the size of the fleece, should have been previously prepared by doubling it and laying it on one end of the table. Lay the fleece down on the string, with the two strings about six inches apart, and then pull the string around the circular way of the fleece. Part the strings, running one way and the other in the opposite direction, having the strings cross each other at the other end of the fleece, turning the fleece one-fourth round and running a string around it endwise at right angles to the last one. By this method as neat appearing fleece will be secured as can be tied by any wool box. Wool will be regarded with suspicion by buyers and commission men if tied up in too compact form. It has the appearance of being too heavy in proportion to the size of the fleece. Put on no more string around the fleece than is actually necessary to hold it in form.

## DRAINAGE MADE EASY.

An Accurate and Practical Level, Working on the Same Principle as a Plumb Line.

One of the greatest drawbacks to successful farming operations on thousands of farms is the absence of a thorough system of tile drainage, consequently the early preparation of ground, and the planting of crops, is not only greatly retarded, but the season for growth being also comparatively less, makes them more susceptible to early autumn frosts before maturity. Drain lowest depressions first, and continue the work as circumstances permit and never attempt to do a perfect job without the constant



PLUMB LINE DRAINAGE LEVEL.

use of the level whenever any doubt exists as to the required grade of the ditch. The accompanying illustration shows a very simple, accurate and practical level, working on the principle of a plumb-line. It is 16½ feet long, so that by raising either end one inch and marking the variation in the plumb one can easily tell when the grade is one inch to the rod. This level can be slid along in the bottom of the ditch, thus keeping a uniform grade of any desired fall.—American Agriculturist.

## Dark and Light Eggs.

In the New York city markets the white eggs seem to be preferred, but in Boston and Philadelphia consumers have a preference for dark eggs. The color of the shell does not indicate the quality of the egg. In sending eggs to market it will always be an advantage to sort them as uniform in size and color as possible. Endeavor to please the customer and better prices will be obtained.—American Gardening.

## EXTRACTING THE YOUNG IDEA.

The Infant Mind Is One of the Profound Mysteries of Nature—Some Instances.

Two events of one day convinced a young lady of Piety Hill that the infant mind is one of the most profound mysteries of nature. It was her first effort with a class of little Sunday school children, and after talking with them in her most impressive way for half an hour she asked her precious charges what they thought of their lessons. One little girl with golden hair and great blue eyes such as artists love to reproduce in themes divine indicated a desire to speak.

"What is it, my dear?"

"Miss Earnest, if you lived to be a hundred years old you'll never have a prettier hair than the one what you got on now."

The second developed later in the day. She told the little ones that they must not let the weeds grow up in their hearts, for they were the weeds of sin and worse than death. One fat cherub who had never known what it was to be sick set up a howl as soon as he reached home. Being short on a knowledge of anatomy he sat holding his digestive apparatus and declaring that the weeds growing in his heart were "a most killin'." Ignorant of the cause of alarm, the terrified parents kept the telephone wires hot till they secured the presence of three doctors who were quickly followed by others who had not been in when called. While the others were gravely consulting, one shrewd practitioner extracted the story of the Sunday school lesson and administered a dose of sugar and water. Ten minutes later the little fellow was telling how near he came to dying, while he was eating enough for a harvest hand.—Detroit Free Press.

## Paris Exposition.

Paris' 1900 exhibition will be the sixteenth held in the city. The site of the first, in 1798, was the Champ de Mars, where 110 exhibitors showed their wares in wooden booths and 25 medals were awarded. Three successively large exhibitions followed in the Louvre in 1801, 1802 and 1809. Under the restoration there were exhibitions in 1819, 1822 and 1827, also in the Louvre. They became more popular under Louis Philippe, the number of exhibitors making it necessary to use first the Place du Carrousel, and in 1839 and 1844 the Champs Elysees. The 1849 exhibition in the Champs Elysees required 2,200 square meters of space and cost \$120,000. The first international exhibition, in 1855, brought about the construction of the Palais de l'Industrie, that has just been torn down, which was used for the 1867 exhibition. The 1878 exhibition, with 52,835 exhibitors and 16,000,000 visitors, and that of 1889, with 55,486 exhibitors and 32,500,000 visitors, were held on the Champs de Mars.—N. Y. Sun.

## To Wash Silk Stockings.

Silk stockings should be washed and rinsed only in lukewarm water. Wring the stockings out between towels and press under muslin. Silk underwear is best washed by soaking for 15 minutes in lukewarm suds into which a little ammonia water has been put. Never put any soap directly on the garment, and it should never be rubbed, merely squeezed gently through the fingers and rinsed through one or two waters, all lukewarm. In the last water put a very little bluing solution and a teaspoonful of liquid gum arabic. Shake well and hang to dry in as smooth condition as possible, pressing lightly under a towel while still slightly wet.—Housewife.

## Beyond His Reach.

The count became passionate in his pleading.

"Be mine!" he cried. "I have titles and landed estates! I will give you a position in the society in which loyalty moves! Say that I may hope for you!"

She sighed, blushed and shook her head.

"You got into the market too late, count," she said in a business-like way. "It has already been cornered."

The next day her engagement to a young man on the board of trade was announced.—Chicago Post.

## THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, July 18.		
LIVESTOCK—Cattle, common	3.00	3.75
Select butchers	4.00	4.40
CALVES—Fair to good light	4.00	6.30
HOGS—Common	3.15	3.35
Mixed packers	3.75	3.85
Light shippers	3.80	3.90
SHEEP—Choice	3.15	3.45
LAMBS—Spring	6.00	6.25
Winter family	3.20	3.40
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	60	78
No. 3 red	60	73
Corn—No. 2 mixed	60	34½
Oats—No. 2	60	24½
Rye—No. 2	60	41
HAY—Prime to choice	9.00	9.50
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork	60	10.00
Lard—Prime steam	60	5.25
BUTTER—Choice dairy	60	12
Prime to choice creamery	60	18
APPLES—New southern	2.50	4.00
POTATOES—New, per bu.	2.50	2.75
CHICAGO.		
FLOUR—Winter patents	4.10	4.25
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	60	75
No. 3 Chicago spring	60	82
CORN—No. 2	60	33½
OATS—No. 2	60	21
PULSES—Lentils	9.55	60
LARD—Steam	5.00	5.62½
NEW YORK.		
FLOUR—Winter patent	4.10	4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 red	60	89
CORN—No. 2 mixed	60	38½
OATS—No. 2	60	31
PULSES—Lentils	60	27
PORK—New mess	10.00	10.50
LARD—Western	60	6.00
BALTIMORE.		
FLOUR—Family	5.00	6.00
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2	60	81½
Southern—Wheat	60	82½
Corn—Mixed	60	37
Oats—No. 2 white	60	30
Rye—No. 2 western	60	45
CATTLE—First quality	4.40	4.70
HOGS—Western	4.40	4.50
INDIANAPOLIS.		
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2	60	75½
Corn—No. 2 mixed	60	31½
Oats—No. 2 mixed	60	25
LOUISVILLE.		
FLOUR—Winter patent	3.75	4.00
Wheat—No. 2 red	60	70
Corn—Mixed	60	34½
Oats—Mixed	60	27
PORK—Mess	10.00	10.50
LARD—Steam	60	5.50

## THE DIGNIFIED WOMAN.

She Was a Little Severe on the Curious Woman, But She Was Provoked.

She is a dignified woman, and sometimes she is overpowering. The unwary do not perceive this quickly, however. The dignified woman has been spending some time in one of the hospitals of this city. She went there for rest and quiet. Since she has recovered her health she tells some amusing stories of her experiences. Here is one:

The dignified woman was walking down the hall one day when she was accosted by the curious woman. The curious woman had been wondering about the dignified woman, and she said:

"I beg your pardon, madam, but I would like to know what you have been operated on for?"

"What?" exclaimed the dignified woman. "Well, explained the curious woman, 'my friend in the next room and I have been wondering about you. You walk about the hall with such a light and springy step that we wonder about what kind of an operation you have undergone.'"

The curious woman held her ground. She was determined to know what was the matter with the dignified woman.

The dignified woman replied: "I have not been operated upon yet."

"Oh!" said the curious woman, sympathetically.

"No, I am not familiar with operations," said the dignified woman.

The curious woman interrupted: "They are very successful here. Don't be worried."

"I am wondering about an operation on the brain," said the dignified woman, in a very dignified and distant manner. "I wonder if they could operate upon the brain in such a way as to enable people to attend to their own affairs."

The curious woman snorted and walked away in high dudgeon.

The dignified woman was severe, it is true, but she was provoked to it.—St. Louis Republic.

## STONE IN HER STOMACH.

From the Gazette, Blandinsville, Ill.

The wife of the Rev. A. R. Adams, pastor of the Bedford Christian Church at Blandinsville, Ill., was for years compelled to live a life of torture from disease. Her case baffled the physicians, but to-day she is alive and well, and tells the story of her recovery as follows:

"About six years ago," said Mrs. Adams, "I weighed about 140 pounds, but my health began to fail and I lost flesh. My food did not agree with me and I felt like a stone in my stomach. I began to bloat all over until I thought I had dropsy."

"I had pains and soreness in my left side which extended clear across my back and also into the region of my heart. During these spells a hard ridge would appear in the left side of my stomach and around the left side."

"These attacks left me sore and exhausted. All last summer I was so nervous that the children laughing and playing nearly drove me wild. I suffered also from female troubles and doctored with ten different physicians without receiving any help."

"My husband having read in the newspaper of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, induced me to try them. I began taking them last November, but experienced no relief until I had taken six boxes. I am now taking the eleventh box and have been greatly benefited."

"I was also troubled with nervous prostration and numbness of my right arm and hand so that at times I could hardly endure the pain, but that has all passed away. I now have a good appetite and am able to do my own work. Have done more this summer than in the past four years put together. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cured me and I think it my duty to let other sufferers know it."

Hundreds of equally remarkable cases have been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Rather Antique.

Gunn—I've just succeeded in perfecting an invention that will revolutionize modern warfare and make my fortune.

Dunn—Indeed! What is the nature of your discovery?

"A powder that's absolutely noiseless."

"Pshaw! That's old; women have been using it for centuries."—Chicago Evening News.

Colored Philosophy.

"You kin git yo' daily bread by prayin'," says Uncle Mose, "but de mighty chicken as to be hustled fo'."—Indianapolis Journal.



## SYRUP OF FIGS.

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N. Y.

# The hair

is like a plant. What makes the plant fade and wither? Usually lack of necessary nourishment. The reason why Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray or faded hair to its normal color, stops hair from falling, and makes it grow, is because it supplies the nourishment the hair needs.

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair immediately began to grow, and I now have as heavy and fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."—Mrs. J. H. HORSBURY, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor.

# PAINT Your Own WALLS and CEILINGS

## MURAL WATER COLOR PAINTS

For DECORATING WALLS AND CEILINGS PURCHASE A MURALO PACKAGE OF

from your grocer or paint dealer and do your own decorating. This material is a **READY MIXED** and is applied with a brush and becomes as hard as cement. Mixed in twenty-four tints and works equally as well with cold or hot water. Send for **SAMPLE COLOR CARDS** and if you cannot purchase this material from your local dealers let us know and we will put you in the way of obtaining it. THE MURALO COMPANY, NEW BRIGHTON, S. I., NEW YORK.

# A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of four

# GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you **ABSOLUTELY FREE** by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

## ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

**TWENTY-TWO MILLION** packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

**ASK YOUR DEALER** to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

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All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from the grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

# COLORADO, UTAH AND THE PACIFIC COAST

REACHED IN VIA THE ELEGANT SERVICE, MISSOURI PACIFIC R.Y.

Reduced Rates during the Season. See nearest Agent, or write the General Passenger Agent at St. Louis, for further information.

C. C. WARNER, VICE-PRESIDENT. W. B. DODDRIDGE, GENERAL MANAGER, ST. LOUIS. H. C. TOWNSEND, GEN'L PASS'NG AND TKT. AGENT.

# "THE CLEANER 'TIS, THE COSIER 'TIS."

## WHAT IS HOME WITHOUT SAPOLIO

# SHOOT WINCHESTER LOADED SHOT GUN SHELLS

USED BY ALL THE CHAMPION SHOTS.

FREE. SEND NAME ON A POSTAL CARD, FOR 152 PAGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. 180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

## ALLEN'S ULCER SALVE

Is the only sure cure in the world for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Necrotic Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Gangrene, Fever Sores, and all Old Sores. It never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. Best salve for Abscesses, Piles, Burns, Cuts, and all Fresh Wounds. By mail, small size large size. Book free. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

## DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GILMAN'S REMEDY CO., St. Paul, Minn.

A. N. K.—E 1718

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.



## MASTER'S SALE

— OF —

PERSONAL PROPERTY  
AND REAL ESTATE.

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

M. A. Hardiman, etc., Plaintiffs,  
vs.  
Wilson H. Ingels, etc., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of the Bourbon Circuit Court made and entered in the above styled cause on the 1st day of July, 1898, and the amended orders therein, I will sell publicly on the premises on

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1898,

the following described personal property to-wit:

1 Eagle brick machine, about 7,000 pallets, 3 picks and shovels, 3 to 5 dozen brick molds, 4 trucks, 3 mud barrows, 3 brick barrows, 1 mule, 12-horse wagon and harness, 1 cart and harness, a number of small tools, such as wrenches, etc., 7 racks, 1 water box, lot of gas tape, 2 re-presses, 1 gum belt.

Also the following real estate located in Paris, Ky.: Beginning at one on the margin on Lilliston Ave.; thence N. 3° 3' E. 149 feet to 2, a stake; thence N. 89° 10' W. 50 feet to 3; thence N. 31° E. 173 feet to 4; thence S. 89° W. 239 feet to 5; thence N. 74° E. 293 feet to 6, a point at fence post edge of stone fence; thence with stone fence down Houston creek S. 46° E. 200 feet to 7, an elm tree; thence at right angles N. 43° E. 44 feet to 8, in the centre of Houston creek; thence with the centre of said creek as it meanders S. 88° E. 269 feet to 9; thence S. 26° 6' E. 280 feet to 10; thence leaving the creek and with the margin of Lilliston Ave. S. 58° W. 170 feet to 11, an angle in street; thence S. 88° W. 56 feet to the beginning, containing 2.49 acres.

Said sale will be made upon a credit of six months for the personal property, and the real estate will be sold upon credits of six and twelve months for equal parts of the purchase money for all of which said purchase money the purchaser or purchasers will be required to execute bonds with good and approved surety, payable to the undersigned Commissioner and bearing interest from the day of sale until paid at the rate of six per cent. per annum, having the force and effect of judgments.

EMMETT M. DICKSON,

Master Commissioner Bourbon Circuit Court.

C. C. HOWARD and HARMON STITT, Attorneys.

## MASTER'S SALE

— OF —

## Bourbon Co. Land

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

D. E. Fisher, Plaintiff,  
vs.  
John Fisher, etc., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of sale rendered in the above styled cause by the Bourbon Circuit Court at its June term, 1898, I will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder at the Court house door, in Paris, Kentucky, on

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1898,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

A tract of 3 acres, 1 rood and 13 poles of land lying on the waters of Hinkston creek in the county of Bourbon, State of Kentucky: Beginning at a stone corner to Smith, thence N. 21° E. 13.6 poles to a stone corner to Glenn, thence N. 88° W. 36 poles to a stone in Glenn line, thence S. 21° W. 14.6 poles to a stone in line to Smith, thence S. 88° W. 26.1 poles to the beginning, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy plaintiff's debt, interest and costs.

Said sale will be made upon a credit of six months for the purchase money, for which the purchaser will be required to execute bond payable to the undersigned, Master Commissioner, to be approved by him bearing six per cent interest from day of sale until paid. Said sale is made to satisfy a judgment in favor of the plaintiff, D. E. Fisher, against the defendant John Fisher, for the sum of \$116.67, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the 9th day of April, 1891, until paid subject to credit by the sum of \$10.00 paid May 18th, 1896; \$14.00 paid August 13th, 1896; \$15.00 paid November 25th, 1896; and \$10.00 paid May 15th, 1897, and the costs of this suit amounting to \$56.50, making the total amount of debt, interest and costs on the day of sale the sum of \$174.72.

EMMETT M. DICKSON,

Master Commissioner Bourbon Circuit Court.

C. ARNSPARGER, Attorney.

H. H. Landman, M. D.,  
Office No. 503 W. Ninth Street, Cincinnati,  
Ohio.

Will be at the Windsor Hotel, Paris, Ky.,

TUESDAY, JULY 12TH, 1898

appearing every second Tuesday in each month.

REFERENCE:—Every leading physician in Paris, Kentucky.

Wright's Colery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and sick headache 25c at all druggists.

## HOUSE AND LOT AND BLACK-SMITH SHOP FOR SALE.

I DESIRE to sell my house and lot, with blacksmith shop, at Jacksonville, Ky. I will sell for half cash, balance in twelve months. For further particulars, address, or call on

BENJ. F. SHARON,  
(13oct-ft)  
Jacksonville, Ky.

## FRANKFORT &amp; CINCINNATI RY.

In Effect March 1, 1897.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

## EAST BOUND.

Lve Frankfort.....	6:30am	3:00pm
Arr Elkhorn.....	6:45am	3:15pm
Arr Switzer.....	6:51am	3:21pm
Arr Staunton.....	7:02am	3:32pm
Arr Duval.....	7:08am	3:38pm
Arr Georgetown.....	7:20am	3:50pm
Lve Georgetown.....	8:00am	4:30pm
Lve Georgetown.....	8:12am	4:42pm
Arr Centerville.....	8:22am	4:52pm
Arr Elizabeth.....	8:28am	4:58pm
Arr Paris.....	8:40am	5:10pm

## WEST BOUND.

Lve Paris.....	9:20am	5:30pm
Arr Elizabeth.....	9:32am	5:42pm
Arr Centerville.....	9:38am	5:48pm
Arr Newtown.....	9:48am	5:58pm
Arr Georgetown.....	10:00am	6:10pm
Lve Georgetown.....	10:40am	6:50pm
Arr Duval.....	10:50am	6:58pm
Arr Switzer.....	11:02am	7:10pm
Arr Staunton.....	11:12am	7:20pm
Arr Elkhorn.....	11:28am	7:36pm
Arr Frankfort.....	11:50am	7:58pm

GEO. B. HARPER, C. D. BERCAW,  
Gen'l Supt., Gen'l Pass. Agt.  
FRANKFORT, KY.

## CHESAPEAKE &amp; OHIO RY.

TIME TABLE.

## EAST BOUND.

Lv Louisville.....	8:30am	6:00pm
Ar Lexington.....	11:55am	8:40pm
Lv Winchester.....	11:55am	8:40pm
Ar Mt Sterling.....	12:25pm	9:10pm
Ar Washington.....	12:55pm	9:40pm
Ar Philadelphia.....	1:15pm	9:55pm
Ar New York.....	12:40pm	9:55pm

## WEST BOUND.

Ar Winchester.....	7:50am	4:50pm
Ar Lexington.....	8:00am	5:00pm
Ar Frankfort.....	8:15am	5:15pm
Ar Shelbyville.....	10:00am	7:00pm
Ar Louisville.....	11:00am	8:15pm

Trains marked thus † run daily except Sunday; other trains run daily.

Through Sleepers between Louisville, Lexington and New York without change.

For rates, Sleeping Car reservations or any information call on

F. B. CARR,  
Agent L. & N. R. R.  
or, GEORGE W. BARNEY,  
Dir. Pass. Agent,  
Lexington.DR. CALDWELL'S  
SYRUP PEPsin

CURES INDIGESTION.

## RAILROAD TIME CARD.

## L. &amp; N. R. R.

## ARRIVAL OF TRAINS:

From Cincinnati—10:58 a. m.; 5:38 p. m.; 10:10 p. m.	
From Lexington—5:11 a. m.; 7:45 a. m.; 3:38 p. m.; 6:27 p. m.	
From Richmond—5:05 a. m.; 7:40 a. m.; 3:28 p. m.	
From Maysville—7:42 a. m.; 3:25 p. m.	

## DEPARTURE OF TRAINS:

To Cincinnati—5:15 a. m.; 7:51 a. m.; 3:40 p. m.	
To Lexington—7:47 a. m.; 11:05 a. m.; 5:45 p. m.; 10:14 p. m.	
To Richmond—11:08 a. m.; 5:43 p. m.; 10:16 p. m.	
To Maysville—7:50 a. m.; 6:35 p. m.	

F. B. CARR, Agent.

## JOHN CONNELLY,

PLUMBER,

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

Work guaranteed satisfactory. Call promptly answered. Your work is solicited. Prices, reasonable.

CRAWFORD BROS. have lately improved their barber shop, making it decidedly the most attractive shop in Paris. They offer a prompt, expert and polite service, and their shop is as cool as any in the city. Hot or cold baths at any hour. (tf)

THE BOURBON NEWS  
AND THECincinnati  
WEEKLY ENQUIRER.

We have arranged a Clubbing Rate by which we can give

Both Papers One Year for only \$2.25.  
Regular Price for Both is . . . \$2.75.

CARL CRAWFORD. ALVA CRAWFORD.

CRAWFORD BROS.,  
Expert Barbers

Shop corner Main and Fifth Sts.

Wright's Colery Tea cures constipation, sick headache, 25c at druggists.

## PRINTERS' PRANKS.

Watson & Wilson, printers and publishers, were very much in need of a man. There was the new tax list, just awarded them by the county commissioners they had helped to elect, and they did not know a thing about the lunatic breeding problem of rule and figure work. They had learned the trade "like many another man in the country and could set straight composition with anybody.

Watson, indeed, had developed a talent for display lines and could satisfy all the demands of Watertown merchants for envelopes and letterheads, and by following the general form of ancient, wall borne specimens, could "do" sales bills to your heart's delight.

But who should save them from the pitfalls of rules and figures? As they stood at the bottom of the stairway thinking of these things they saw a stranger on the street. Watertown always looked twice at a stranger. It was just unhurried enough to spare the time.

This man was of medium height, slender, with the appearance of one who has flourished in cities, catching the style and the garments that are unusual in the country. His hands were slender, and there was a something about the right thumb and forefinger which proclaimed his craft at once.

"He's a printer," said Watson.

"He's seen the sign and is coming over," said Wilson.

The new man paused at the entrance way, read the cardboard office signs on the stairway, looked at the two men critically and inquired:

"Any chance for work?"

"How did you know we were the publishers?" asked Watson.

"How did you know I was a printer?" asked the man.

In the afternoon he took charge of the delinquent list, and in half an hour they knew they were secure. He was a craftsman. He knew everything from bonding rule to casting rollers.

But he would not pull the hand press, and he would not work Saturday afternoon. They labored with him on these points, but he laughed and said he was past it.

He was given to jesting, and one of his happiest thoughts was to shoot a spray of water into the eye of an inquisitive citizen who wanted to see purple stars in a gallery of dead type waiting for distribution.

He changed the figures in the advertisement of lands delinquent after the first issue and wondered if the money lenders who should later purchase could make good title with defective publication.

In a good many ways he enjoyed himself. It was clear to every one that he held the town and all its belongings in something like contempt, but he was so amiable about it, so suave in his treatment of people, that punishment was unthought of and antipathy was disarmed.

When Watson & Wilson began advertising for the Fourth of July celebration, the printer was ready to move. He had worked three months in one town and was hungry for the city.

They wanted him to stay. They sat down one day in June, when "the paper was off," and tried to argue it. He told them he must make a confession.

There was a young woman in the town, sweetheart—affianced, he feared—of a man whom he regarded as his friend, and she had smiled upon him. She was very fair, and he feared he might forget himself, prove disloyal and court a girl to his friend's undoing.

They applauded the chivalric sentiment and went away—Watson assured it was Wilson's young lady, Wilson convinced it was Watson's girl.

The Fourth of July had come. Wilson was master of ceremonies. Watson was leader of the band. People came in delegations from the country. There was a cannon on the bluff and a float on the river.

Wilson wanted something with which to load that 20 pounder. Cramming down wet paper was good in its way, but it didn't make noise enough. The printer suggested old roller composition. There were loads of it in the big box on the landing. It was the one indestructible thing on earth.

"Ram down that roller composition," said the printer, "and they will hear your old cannon in 14 counties every time she speaks."

Wilson did as directed. Watson came by with the band. Wilson pulled a very long rod of iron from a fire, ran across the open space and whipped his red-hot torch upon the powder sprinkled touchhole of the 20 pounder.

The powder flamed into a geyser of fire. There were a flash, a pause and then a shock which stopped the current of the river. The roller composition had clung to the gun's interior, refusing ejection, and the cannon was shattered in a hundred pieces.

The noise was terrible. The concussion shook Watson from his feet and hurled half of the band in a pile above him. It lifted the ambitious Wilson and set him down in the leading wagon of a passing delegation. How the crowd escaped unhurt was a marvel no man could solve.

The forward four feet of the cannon leaped 50 yards and stood up like a post, the yielding but tenacious ancient composition bubbling like a blossom from the ragged iron.

Watson excused himself, while the crowd was making inquiries and started up town for the printer.

Wilson climbed out of the country man's wagon and joined his partner in the search. A messenger boy from the telegraph office met them at the bottom of the stairs with the regulation yellow envelope.

Watson opened it, and Wilson read over his shoulder. The date was in a country seat 20 miles away:

"I heard your cannon."

And that was the last they ever heard of the printer—Leroy Armstrong in inland printer.

## A Playground on a Roof.

The boys of St. Paul's cathedral choir have a cricket and football field out of London, where on the weekly half holiday they play among themselves and with other schools and choir schools. For the rest of the week they possess what is certainly the strangest playground in England. The top of the roof of the school is inclosed by means of strong beams and wire netting, so that balls cannot fall on the unsuspecting passersby. Here on the leads hockey, stump cricket and the like go briskly forward in any of the odd moments which they have to themselves. In the winter a thin sheet of water which quickly freezes converts the roof into a skating pond, whereon the most anxious parent could trust her son without fear of his "falling through."—London Quiver.

## And Feels the Way They Look.

A newly married man looks about like a new suit of clothes feels.—Chicago News.



## A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

## GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,  
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

## ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

## ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

## How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF THE SPANISH GUNS.

— TAKE THE —

## C. H. &amp; D to MICHIGAN.

3 TRAINS DAILY.  
FINEST TRAINS IN OHIO.  
FASTEST TRAINS IN OHIO.

Michigan and the Great Lakes constantly growing in popularity. Everybody will be there this summer. For information inquire of your nearest ticket Agent.

## This Means Money For You

## 15-DAYS-15

## Greatest Bargain Sale of The Season

— AT —

## TWIN BROTHERS.

We have no space here to list the many good things we have for you. In order to prove to you this is a "Straight Special Sale" for 15 days, we only ask that you call at our mammoth store, examine the qualities, hear the special low prices in

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT,  
OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT,  
OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT,

and you will then acknowledge that you never saw or heard before of such wonderful values slaughtered at such low figures.

FREE! We are still giving coupons with every purchase, no matter how small. You can get FREE a fine large glass framed picture, a beautiful rocking chair, a useful flour bin, a fine clock, etc., by buying your goods here. Call and see the presents.

"Remember the Maine" Store to Save Money in Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Slippers, &c.,

IS ONLY AT

## TWIN BROTHERS.

BOURBON'S BIGGEST BARGAIN BRINGERS,

701-703 MAIN ST., PARIS, KY.

W. S. Anderson,

Of Peck, P. O., Pike Co., O. Recommends

To the Wright Medical Co.,

Columbus, Ohio.

Gents:—I have purchased a box of Wright's Colery Capsules from James T. Blaser, druggist, Waverly, O., and used them for stomach trouble and constipation. I was unable to do anything for nearly two years; I used three boxes of your Colery Capsules and they have cured me. For the benefit of others so afflicted I wish to send this letter.

Very truly yours,  
W. S. ANDERSON.

Sold by all druggists at 50c, and \$1 per box. Send address on postal to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, O., for trial size, free.

## "BIG FOUR"

ROUTE

BEST LINE TO AND FROM  
TOLEDO & DETROIT

All Points in Michigan.

## CHICAGO.

"White City Special."

Best Terminal Station.

## ST. LOUIS.

Avoiding The Tunnel.

## BOSTON.

Wagner Sleeping Cars.

## NEW YORK.

Buffett Parlor Cars, Wagner Sleeping

Cars, Private Compartment Cars,

Elegant Coaches and Dining Cars.

Secure your tickets read via "BIG FOUR."

O. McCORMICK,

Passenger Traffic Mgr.

D. B. MARTIN,

Gen. Pass. &amp; Tkt. Agt.

CINCINNATI, O.

## News and Opinions

— OF —

## National Importance

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Daily, by mail, - - - - \$6 a year

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